INTER-AMERICAN INVESTMENT CORPORATION

Financial Statements December 31, 2022 and 2021



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Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Governors of the Inter-American Investment Corporation:

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Inter-American Investment Corporation (the Corporation), which comprise the balance sheet as of December 31, 2022, and the related income statement and statement of comprehensive income/(loss), change in capital and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation at December 31, 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Corporation and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.



In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Report of Other Auditors on 2021 Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2021 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements on March 1, 2022.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Information Statement of the Inter-American Investment Corporation as of December 31, 2022, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Ernst + Young LLP

Balance Sheets

Expressed in thousands of United States dollars	Notes	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Assets			
Cash	3	\$ 57,886	\$ 54,409
Investment securities	3 & 10	2,528,273	1,903,551
Development related investments			
Loans and debt securities			
At amortized cost		5,120,914	4,728,380
Allowance for credit losses		(248,865)	(201,803)
		4,872,049	4,526,577
At fair value		1,048,552	579,613
		5,920,601	5,106,190
Equity investments			
At fair value		286,577	277,640
		286,577	277,640
Total development related investments, net	4 & 10	6,207,178	5,383,830
Derivative assets	7 & 10	169,146	17,689
Receivables and other assets	5	438,735	191,945
Total assets		9,401,218	7,551,424
Liabilities			
Borrowings	6 & 10		
At amortized cost		1,908,504	1,550,804
At fair value		3,875,793	3,061,825
		5,784,297	4,612,629
Derivative liabilities	7 & 10	362,865	79,941
Payables and other liabilities	8	289,694	384,080
Total liabilities		6,436,856	5,076,650
Capital			
Capital, par value		1,824,410	1,732,650
Additional paid-in-capital		719,418	657,221
Receivable from members		(120,133)	(161,572)
Total paid-in-capital	9	2,423,695	2,228,299
Retained earnings		475,397	370,807
Accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss)		65,270	(124,332)
Total capital		2,964,362	2,474,774
Total liabilities and capital		\$ 9,401,218	\$ 7,551,424

Income Statements

			Year ended	Decen	ecember 31		
Expressed in thousands of United States dollars	Notes	2022		2021			
Income from development related investments							
Loans and debt securities							
Interest and other income, net		\$	359,083	\$	209,983		
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses			(64,413)		(5,707)		
			294,670		204,276		
Equity investments							
Realized gain/(loss) from sales, dividends and other income, net			2,901		1,970		
Unrealized gain/(loss) from changes in fair value, net			(28,010)		45,241		
			(25,109)		47,211		
Income from development related investments, net	4		269,561		251,487		
Gain/(loss) from liquid assets, net	3		(5,384)		8,196		
Borrowings expense	6		(117,529)		(62,896)		
Other income							
Service fees from related parties	13		81,028		78,942		
Mobilization fees and other income			16,456		13,257		
Total other income			97,484		92,199		
Income/(expense) from development related investments, liquid assets and other income, net of borrowings expense			244,132		288,986		
Other expenses							
Administrative expenses			177,335		165,591		
Other components of pension benefit costs, net	14		3,533		6,879		
Other expense/(income)			, _		(15)		
Total other expenses			180,868		172,455		
Gain/(loss) from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net	11		41,326		14,394		
Net income/(loss)		\$	104,590	\$	130,925		

Inter-American Investment Corporation Statements of Comprehensive Income/(Loss) Statements of Changes in Capital

Statements of Comprehensive Income/(Loss)

			nber 31		
Expressed in thousands of United States dollars		2022			2021
Net income/(loss)		\$	104,590	\$	130,925
Other comprehensive income/(loss)					
Recognition of net actuarial gains/(losses) and prior service credit on Pension Plans and Postretirement Benefit Plan	14		169,528		42,841
Unrealized gains/(losses) arising during the period related to fair value adjustments on borrowings attributable to changes in instrument-specific credit risk, net	6		20,074		(18,416)
Total other comprehensive income/(loss)			189,602		24,425
Comprehensive income/(loss)		\$	294,192	\$	155,350

Statements of Changes in Capital

					Accumulated other	
Expressed in thousands of United States dollars, except for share information	Notes	Shares	Total paid- in capital	Retained earnings	comprehensive income/(loss)	Total capital
As of December 31, 2020		164,085	\$ 2,017,089	\$ 239,882	\$ (148,757)	\$ 2,108,214
Year ended December 31, 2021						
Net income/(loss)			_	130,925	_	130,925
Other comprehensive income/(loss)			_	_	24,425	24,425
Change in shares	9	9,180				
Payments received for capital	9		211,210		_	211,210
As of December 31, 2021		173,265	2,228,299	370,807	(124,332)	2,474,774
Year ended December 31, 2022						
Net income/(loss)			_	104,590	_	104,590
Other comprehensive income/(loss)			_	_	189,602	189,602
Change in shares	9	9,176				
Payments received for capital	9		195,396	_		195,396
As of December 31, 2022		182,441	\$ 2,423,695	\$ 475,397	\$ 65,270	\$ 2,964,362

Statements of Cash Flows

Expressed in thousands of United States dollars 2022 2021 Cash flows from investing activities (4,003,799) 3,538,155,152,173,428 Loan disbursements (4,003,799) 3,538,155,184,105 Development related debt securities purchases (450,027) (173,848) Development related debt securities proceeds 34,678 14,056 Equity investment disbursements (54,524) (32,953) 7,774 Capital asset expenditures (43,319) (5,900) Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities (921,243) (1,217,336) Cash flows from financing activities (4,319) (5,900) Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities (4,93,800) 1,634,463 Borrowings repayments (1,998,380) 1,634,463 2,121,210 Proceeds from issuance of borrowings 2,493,800 1,634,463 2,121,210 Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities 1,591,64 1,010,197 Cash flows from operating activities 1,591,64 1,010,197 Net income/(loss) 1,591,64 1,010,197 Cash flows from investment securit			Year ended [Dece	mber 31
Loan disbursements \$ (4,003,799) \$ (3,538,155) Loan repayments and sales 3,536,435 2,571,742 Development related debt securities purchases (450,027) (173,898) Development related debt securities proceeds 34,678 14,056 Equity investment disbursements (54,524) (92,955) Equity investment proceeds 22,031 7,774 Capital asset expenditures (4,319) (5,900) Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities (4,319) (5,900) Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities (4,319) (5,900) Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities (4,319) (5,900) Somowings repayments (4,98,800) (1,634,463) Borrowings repayments (1,098,032) (835,476) Payments received for capital (195,396) (1,953,96) (1,953,96) Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities (1,998,032) (1,904,463) Payments received for capital (1,998,032) (1,904,463) Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities (1,998,032) (1,904,463) Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities (1,998,032) (1,904,463) Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities (1,998,032) (1,904,463) Change in fair value of equity investments (2,801) (45,241) Provision/(release) of provision for credit losses (4,413) (4,5241) Provision/(release) of provision for credit losses (4,544) (4,344)	Expressed in thousands of United States dollars		2022		2021
Loan repayments and sales	Cash flows from investing activities				
Development related debt securities purchases (450,027) (173,898) Development related debt securities proceeds 34,678 14,056 Equity investment disbursements (65,624) (92,955) Equity investment proceeds 20,313 7,774 Capital asset expenditures (4,319) (5,900) Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities (921,243) (1,217,336) Cash flows from financing activities 2,493,800 1,634,463 Borrowings repayments (1,098,032) (835,476) Payments received for capital 195,396 211,210 Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities 1,098,032 211,210 Net income/(loss) 104,590 130,925 Adjustments received for capital 104,590 130,925 Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities: 104,590 130,925 Change in fair value of equity investments 28,010 (45,241) Provision/(release) of provision for credit losses 64,413 5,707 (Gain)/loss from investment securities, net (2,36) (14,326)	Loan disbursements	\$	(4,003,799)	\$	(3,538,155)
Development related debt securities proceeds 34,678 14,056 Equity investment disbursements (54,524) (92,955 Equity investment proceeds 2,0313 7,774 Capital asset expenditures (4,319) (5,900) Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities 8021,243 \$ (1,217,336) Cash flows from financing activities 2,493,800 1,634,463 Borrowings repayments (1,098,032) 2,835,476 Payments received for capital 195,396 21,210 Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities 104,590 130,925 Cash flows from operating activities 104,590 130,925 Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities: 28,010 (45,241) Change in fair value of equity investments 28,010 (45,241) Provision/(release) of provision for credit losses 64,413 5,707 (Gain)/loss from investment securities, net (19,002) (8,566) (Gain)/loss from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net (2,735) (1,296) Change in receivables	Loan repayments and sales		3,536,435		2,571,742
Equity investment disbursements (54,524) (92,955) Equity investment proceeds 20,313 7,774 Capital asset expenditures (4,319) (5,900) Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities (921,243) (1,217,336) Cash flows from financing activities 2,493,800 1,634,463 Borrowings repayments (1,098,032) (835,476) Payments received for capital 195,396 211,210 Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities 104,590 130,925 Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities: 104,590 130,925 Change in fair value of equity investments 28,010 (45,241) Provision/(release) of provision for credit losses 64,413 5,707 (Gain)/loss from investment securities, net 12,236 4,173 Depreciation and amortization (19,002) (8,566) (Gain)/loss from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net (2,735) (1,200) Change in payables and other assets (214,263) (72,195) Change in payables and other liabi	Development related debt securities purchases		(450,027)		(173,898)
Equity investment proceeds 20,313 7,774 Capital asset expenditures (4,319) (5,900) Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities (921,243) (1,217,336) Cash flows from financing activities 921,243 (1,217,336) Proceeds from issuance of borrowings 2,493,800 1,634,463 Borrowings repayments (1,098,032) 2,1210 Pearments received for capital 195,396 211,210 Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities 1,591,164 1,010,107 Cash flows from operating activities 104,590 130,925 Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities: 28,010 (45,241) Change in fair value of equity investments 28,010 (45,241) Provision/(release) of provision for credit losses 64,413 5,707 (Gain)/loss from investment securities, net 12,236 4,173 Depreciation and amortization (19,002) (8,566) (Gain)/loss from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net (2,735) (1,920) Change in receivables and o	Development related debt securities proceeds		34,678		14,056
Capital asset expenditures (4,319) (5,900) Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities (921,243) (1,217,336) Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from issuance of borrowings 2,493,800 1,634,463 Borrowings repayments (1,098,032) (835,476) 293,500 211,210 Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities 1,591,164 1,010,197 Cash flows from operating activities 104,590 130,925 Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities: 28,010 (45,241) Change in fair value of equity investments 28,010 (45,241) Provision/(release) of provision for credit losses 64,413 5,707 (Gain)/loss from investment securities, net 12,236 4,173 Depreciation and amortization (19,002) (8,566) (Gain)/loss from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net (21,326) (14,394) Realized (gain)/loss on sales of equity investments, net (27,35) (1,920) Change in receivables and other liabilities (5,194) 13,387	Equity investment disbursements		(54,524)		(92,955)
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities (921,243) (1,217,336) Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from issuance of borrowings 2,493,800 1,634,463 Borrowings repayments (1,098,032) (835,476) Payments received for capital 195,396 211,210 Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities 1,591,164 1,010,197 Cash flows from operating activities 104,590 130,925 Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities 104,590 130,925 Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities 28,010 (45,241) Provision/(release) of provision for credit losses 64,413 5,707 (Gain)/loss from investment securities, net 12,236 4,173 Depreciation and amortization (19,002) (8,566) (Gain)/loss from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net (21,326) (14,326) (14,394) Realized (gain)/loss on sales of equity investments, net (21,4263) (72,195) (1,902) Change in payables and other liabilities (5,194) <td>Equity investment proceeds</td> <td></td> <td>20,313</td> <td></td> <td>7,774</td>	Equity investment proceeds		20,313		7,774
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from issuance of borrowings 2,493,800 1,634,463 Borrowings repayments (1,098,032) (835,476) Payments received for capital 195,396 211,210 Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities 1,591,164 1,010,197 Cash flows from operating activities 104,590 130,925 Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities: 104,590 130,925 Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities: 28,010 (45,241) Provision/(release) of provision for credit losses 64,413 5,707 (Gain)/loss from investment securities, net 12,236 4,173 Depreciation and amortization (19,002) (8,566) (Gain)/loss from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net (21,735) (1,920) Change in receivables and other assets (214,243) (72,195) Change in payables and other liabilities (5,194) 13,387 Change in Pension Plans and Postretirement Benefit Plan, net 25,594 29,673	Capital asset expenditures		(4,319)		(5,900)
Proceeds from issuance of borrowings 2,493,800 1,634,463 Borrowings repayments (1,098,032) (835,476) Payments received for capital 195,396 211,210 Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities 1,591,164 1,010,197 Cash flows from operating activities 104,590 130,925 Net income/(loss) 104,590 130,925 Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities: 28,010 (45,241) Change in fair value of equity investments 28,010 (45,241) Provision/(release) of provision for credit losses 64,413 5,707 (Gain)/loss from investment securities, net (19,002) (85,66) (Gain)/loss from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net (21,326) (14,394) Realized (gain)/loss on sales of equity investments, net (21,426) (72,195) Change in receivables and other liabilities (51,94) 13,387 Change in Pension Plans and Postretirement Benefit Plan, net 25,594 29,673 Change in investment securities (866,958) 171,313	Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities	\$	(921,243)	\$	(1,217,336)
Borrowings repayments Payments received for capital Payments received for capital 195,396 (1,099,032) 211,210 Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities 1,591,164 1,010,197 Cash flows from operating activities 104,590 130,925 Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities: 28,010 (45,241) Change in fair value of equity investments 28,010 (45,241) Provision/(release) of provision for credit losses 64,413 5,707 (Gain)/loss from investment securities, net 12,236 4,173 Depreciation and amortization (19,002) (8,566) (Gain)/loss from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net (21,336) (14,394) Realized (gain)/loss on sales of equity investments, net (2,735) (1,902) (1,902) Change in receivables and other assets (214,263) (72,195) Change in payables and other liabilities (5,194) 13,387 Change in pension Plans and Postretirement Benefit Plan, net 25,594 29,673 Notage in investment securities (636,958) 171,313 Other, net	Cash flows from financing activities				
Payments received for capital 195,396 211,210 Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities 1,591,164 \$ 1,010,197 Cash flows from operating activities 104,590 130,925 Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities: 104,590 130,925 Change in fair value of equity investments 28,010 (45,241) Provision/(release) of provision for credit losses 64,413 5,707 (Gain)/loss from investment securities, net 12,236 4,173 Depreciation and amortization (19,002) (8,566) (Gain)/loss from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net (41,326) (14,394) Realized (gain)/loss on sales of equity investments, net (2,735) (1,920) Change in receivables and other assets (51,94) 13,387 Change in payables and other liabilities (51,94) 13,387 Change in Pension Plans and Postretirement Benefit Plan, net 25,594 29,673 Change in pension Plans and Postretirement Benefit Plan, net (636,958) 171,313 Other, net (3,477) 1,281 <	Proceeds from issuance of borrowings		2,493,800		1,634,463
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities 1,591,164 1,010,197 Cash flows from operating activities 104,590 130,925 Net income/(loss) 104,590 130,925 Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities: 28,010 (45,241) Change in fair value of equity investments 28,010 (45,241) Provision/(release) of provision for credit losses 64,413 5,707 (Gain)/loss from investment securities, net 12,236 4,173 Depreciation and amortization (19,002) (8,566) (Gain)/loss from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net (41,326) (14,394) Realized (gain)/loss on sales of equity investments, net (2,735) (1,920) Change in receivables and other assets (214,263) (72,195) Change in payables and other lasilities (5,194) 13,387 Change in Pension Plans and Postretirement Benefit Plan, net 25,594 29,673 Change in investment securities (636,958) 171,313 Other, net 23,955 10,301 Ret cash provi	Borrowings repayments		(1,098,032)		(835,476)
Cash flows from operating activities Net income/(loss) 104,590 130,925 Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities: 28,010 (45,241) Change in fair value of equity investments 28,010 (45,241) Provision/(release) of provision for credit losses 64,413 5,707 (Gain)/loss from investment securities, net 12,236 4,173 Depreciation and amortization (19,002) (8,566) (Gain)/loss from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net (21,326) (14,394) Realized (gain)/loss on sales of equity investments, net (27,35) (1,920) Change in receivables and other assets (214,263) (72,195) Change in payables and other liabilities (5,194) 13,387 Change in Pension Plans and Postretirement Benefit Plan, net 25,594 29,673 Change in investment securities (636,958) 171,313 Other, net 38,669 4,578 Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities (645,966) 217,440 Change in cash (20,478)	Payments received for capital		195,396		211,210
Net income/(loss) 104,590 130,925 Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities: 28,010 (45,241) Change in fair value of equity investments 28,010 (45,241) Provision/(release) of provision for credit losses 64,413 5,707 (Gain)/loss from investment securities, net 12,236 4,173 Depreciation and amortization (19,002) (8,566) (Gain)/loss from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net (41,326) (14,394) Realized (gain)/loss on sales of equity investments, net (2,735) (1,920) Change in receivables and other assets (214,263) (72,195) Change in payables and other liabilities (5,194) 13,387 Change in Pension Plans and Postretirement Benefit Plan, net 25,594 29,673 Change in investment securities (636,958) 171,313 Other, net 38,669 4,578 Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities (645,966) 217,440 Change in cash (20,478) 2,516 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities	\$	1,591,164	\$	1,010,197
Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities: Change in fair value of equity investments Change in fair value of equity investments 28,010 (45,241) Provision/(release) of provision for credit losses 64,413 5,707 (Gain)/loss from investment securities, net 12,236 4,173 Depreciation and amortization (19,002) (Gain)/loss from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net (41,326) (14,394) Realized (gain)/loss on sales of equity investments, net (2,735) (1,920) Change in receivables and other assets (214,263) (72,195) Change in payables and other liabilities (5,194) 13,387 Change in pension Plans and Postretirement Benefit Plan, net 25,594 29,673 Change in investment securities (636,958) 711,313 Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities (645,966) Change in cash Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, net (20,478) 2,516 Net increase/(decrease) in cash Supplemental disclosure: Interest paid during the period Non-cash items:	Cash flows from operating activities				
Operating activities: 28,010 (45,241) Provision/(release) of provision for credit losses 64,413 5,707 (Gain)/loss from investment securities, net 12,236 4,173 Depreciation and amortization (19,002) (8,566) (Gain)/loss from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net (41,326) (14,394) Realized (gain)/loss on sales of equity investments, net (2,735) (1,920) Change in receivables and other assets (214,263) (72,195) Change in payables and other liabilities (5,194) 13,387 Change in Pension Plans and Postretirement Benefit Plan, net 25,594 29,673 Change in investment securities (636,958) 171,313 Other, net 38,669 4,578 Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities (645,966) 217,440 Change in cash 23,955 10,301 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, net (20,478) 2,516 Net increase/(decrease) in cash \$3,477 \$12,817 Cash as of December 31 \$7,886 \$54,409	` '		104,590		130,925
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Notes to Financial Statements

1. Purpose

The Inter-American Investment Corporation (IDB Invest) is an international organization established in 1986 and a separate legal entity within the Inter-American Development Bank Group (the IDB Group), which also includes the Inter-American Development Bank (IDB) and the Multilateral Investment Fund (commercially known as IDB Lab). IDB Invest began operations in 1989, and is owned by its member countries, which include 26 regional developing member countries, located in Latin America and the Caribbean (the Regional Developing Member Countries), and 21 countries outside of Latin America and the Caribbean. The purpose of IDB Invest is to promote the economic development of its Regional Developing Member Countries by encouraging the establishment, expansion, and modernization of private enterprises in such a way as to supplement the activities of the IDB. IDB Invest provides financing through its development related investments, which include loans, guarantees, investments in debt securities, and equity investments where sufficient capital is not otherwise available on adequate terms in the market. IDB Invest also arranges financing from other investors through loan participations, co-financing arrangements, and unfunded participations. In addition, IDB Invest provides financial and technical advisory services to clients.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of presentation – These financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (US GAAP). References to US GAAP issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) in these notes are to the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC or Codification) or Accounting Standards Update (ASU).

All amounts presented in the accompanying financial statements and notes are expressed in United States dollars (USD, US\$ or \$), which is IDB Invest's functional and reporting currency.

Use of estimates – The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. A significant degree of judgment has been used in the evaluation and measurement of: the allowance for credit losses; the fair value of investment securities, development related investments (loans, debt securities and equity investments), derivative instruments and borrowings; and the projected benefit obligations and fair value of plan assets of the Pension Plans and Postretirement Benefits Plan and associated net periodic benefit cost of each plan.

Cash – Cash¹ includes those amounts held on deposit with banks and cash restricted for development related investment activities. IDB Invest may hold cash deposits in excess of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured limits.

Investment securities – Investment securities include fixed and floating rate bonds, notes, bills issued by corporations, governments, supranationals or agencies, and certificates of deposit, commercial paper and mutual funds, including money market funds. IDB Invest's strategy for its Cash¹ and Investment securities (collectively, Liquid Assets) is to provide sufficient liquidity and resources to finance development related investments.

Investment securities are classified as trading and are recorded at fair value with gains and losses reported in income from Gain/(loss) from liquid assets, net. Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade date basis. The first-in, first-out method is used to determine the cost basis of securities sold.

¹ References to captions in the condensed interim financial statements are identified by the name of the caption beginning with a capital letter every time they appear in the notes to the condensed interim financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Development related loans and debt securities (Development related debt investments) – Development related loans and debt securities are recognized upon disbursement and measured at amortized cost or at fair value through income, depending on the nature and terms of each instrument. An allowance for credit losses is recognized against development related debt investments measured at amortized cost. IDB Invest utilizes the net asset value (NAV) reported by the fund managers as a practical expedient for the fair value measurement for certain development related debt securities. Refer to Note 4 for additional information.

For credit monitoring and portfolio management purposes, development related loans are classified into three portfolio segments – corporates, financial institutions and project finance – and development related debt securities are classified as corporate securities.

Development related loans may be secured by cash, receivables, inventory, equipment, property, mortgages, third-party guarantees or other forms of collateral security or may be unsecured. IDB Invest enters into standalone insurance contracts, which are generally not transferable, to cover the credit risk of particular development related debt investments. IDB Invest recognizes the recovery assets associated with these third-party credit enhancements in Receivables and other assets in the balance sheets and any associated gains or losses from such assets as Interest and other income, net in the income statements.

Guarantees – IDB Invest issues guarantees covering, on a risk-sharing basis, third party obligations or securities issuances in Regional Developing Member Countries. IDB Invest's policy with respect to collateral security for these guarantees is generally the same as for its development related loans. Guarantees are regarded as issued when IDB Invest executes the guarantee agreement, outstanding when the underlying obligation of the third party is incurred and called when IDB Invest's obligation under the guarantee has been invoked. There are two obligations associated with guarantees: (1) a stand-ready obligation to perform; and (2) a contingent obligation to make future payments. The stand-ready obligation to perform is recognized at fair value at the issuance date, typically in an amount equal to the present value of any premiums received or receivable. For financial guarantees not accounted for as derivatives, the contingent liability is measured based on the current expected credit losses (CECL) on the guarantee. For guarantees accounted for as derivatives, the contingent liability is measured at fair value through income from the issuance date.

The stand-ready and contingent liabilities associated with the guarantees issued by IDB Invest are included in Payables and other liabilities in the balance sheets. Changes in contingent liabilities measured under the CECL methodology are recorded in (Provision)/release of provision for credit losses on development related investments in the income statements, while changes in contingent liabilities measured at fair value through income are recorded through Gain/(loss) from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net in the income statements. Guarantee fee income is recognized as IDB Invest is released from its stand-ready obligation to perform and recorded in Interest and other income, net in the income statements. In the event a guarantee is called and IDB Invest is assigned the guaranteed obligation or the obligor otherwise has a direct contractual obligation to reimburse IDB Invest, the amount disbursed is recorded as a development related loan and an allowance is established against the loan based on the CECL methodology.

Undisbursed commitments – IDB Invest estimates expected credit losses over the contractual period in which it is exposed to credit risk through a contractual obligation to extend credit unless IDB Invest has the discretion to cancel the commitment at any time (unconditionally cancellable). The estimate considers the likelihood that funding will occur and the expected credit losses on estimated funded commitments over their estimated lives. A contingent liability for off-balance sheet credit losses is recorded in Payables and other liabilities in the balance sheets. The expense related to the contingent liability is recorded in (Provision)/release of provision for credit losses on development related investments in the income statements.

Allowance for credit losses – The allowance for credit losses represents management's estimates of current expected credit losses over the remaining expected lives of development related debt investments measured at amortized cost. The allowance for credit losses and the contingent liability for off-balance sheet credit exposures consider historical credit loss information as adjusted for current conditions and reasonable and supportable (R&S) forecasts of future economic conditions in the related portfolio. Changes in the allowance for

Notes to Financial Statements

credit losses are recorded through the (Provision)/release of provision for credit losses in the income statements. IDB Invest does not record an allowance for credit losses on accrued interest receivable as it has a substantive nonaccrual policy.

Expected prepayments are factored into the estimate of expected credit losses on development related debt investments. Projected disbursements are factored into the estimate of expected credit losses on off-balance sheet credit exposures, considering historical experience and contractual amortization schedules. Prepayment assumptions are based on historical data from IDB Group's private sector portfolio given the common portfolio characteristics, which include the borrower's country, risk rating and industry sectors. The contractual term excludes expected extensions, renewals, and modifications unless either of the following applies: (i) management has a reasonable expectation at the reporting date that a troubled debt restructuring (TDR) will be executed with an individual borrower or (ii) the extension or renewal options are included in the original or modified contract at the reporting date and are not controlled by IDB Invest (not unconditionally cancellable by IDB Invest).

The collective assessment of current expected credit losses is based on exposure at default (EAD), term structures of probability of default (PD) that combine point-in-time (PIT) and through-the-cycle (TTC) PDs, and loss given default (LGD). In addition, the CECL estimate incorporates forward looking conditioning, which takes into consideration current market conditions, macroeconomic forecasts and their corresponding impact to the PIT PDs and LGDs. The macroeconomic forecasts in the CECL model include various scenarios, where each scenario represents a different state of the economy in the R&S period. The macroeconomic variables considered in these scenarios depend on the country of the exposure and generally include the gross domestic product (GDP), equity indices, and oil prices. Management currently considers the R&S period to be three years, after which the model reverts to historical averages for long-term values over a two year period using a linear method for PD mean-reversion. For each scenario, a lifetime loss rate for each instrument is calculated using the appropriate PD and LGD for each quarter of the instrument's remaining life. The results are then multiplied by the instrument's amortized cost. If multiple scenarios are considered, then results are weighted.

IDB Invest assigns a risk rating to each borrower and each development related debt investment based on a periodic risk assessment. The risk ratings assigned to the borrower and the investment correspond to specific PDs and LGDs and are determined based on a series of sector specific scorecards, which are aligned to IDB Invest's portfolio segments — corporates, financial institutions and project finance. IDB Invest maps internal ratings to long-term PDs published annually by an international rating agency. For LGDs, IDB Invest uses a decision-tree scorecard model developed by an international rating agency to capture exposure specific information, such as seniority, guarantees, collateral, industry, and jurisdiction at the facility level, which vary across different exposures of the same borrower.

The major credit risk factors considered for a project finance development related debt investment may be grouped into the following categories: political risk, commercial or project risk, technical and construction risk, and financial risk. Political risks can be defined as the risks to a project's financing emanating from governmental sources, either from a legal or regulatory perspective. Commercial or project risks are related to the construction or completion risks, economic or financial viability of a project and operational risks. Financial risks consider the project's exposures to cash flow generation, interest rate and foreign currency volatility, inflation risk, liquidity risk, and funding risk.

The major credit risk factors considered for a development related debt investment to a financial institution are country-related risk including regulatory, competition, government support and macro-economic risks, which act as an anchor for the risk assessment as a whole. Additionally, the rating scorecard assesses the following institution-specific factors: capital adequacy, asset quality, operating policies and procedures and risk management framework; quality of management and decision making; earnings and market position, liquidity and sensitivity to market risk; quality of regulations and regulatory agencies; and potential government or shareholder support.

Notes to Financial Statements

The major credit risk factors considered for corporate development related debt investments are country and industry risks, business and market risks, an assessment of the borrower's management, and financial risks, including a qualitative assessment of financial risks and a quantitative assessment of financial ratios. After consideration of these borrower specific characteristics, extraordinary support from shareholders or from the government may be considered if applicable.

To augment the quantitative process described above, qualitative adjustments arising from information lags implicit in the quantitative loss estimation models, known model or data limitations, significant changes in portfolio composition or lending operations and uncertainty associated with economic and business conditions are applied as necessary based on management's judgment.

The impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic and the Russian war on Ukraine have had a direct effect on economies within IDB Invest's Regional Developing Member Countries. These developments affect risk parameters of the portfolio used in the CECL methodology, such as internal risk ratings for specific industries and countries. These parameters also consider developments in the macroeconomic forecasts during the R&S period and a mean reversion period to historical losses.

IDB Invest individually assesses the current expected credit losses on development related debt investments that have been or are reasonably expected to be restructured through a TDR. The determination of the allowance for credit losses for these investments reflects management's best judgment of the creditworthiness of the borrower and is established based upon the periodic review of individual development related debt investments. This estimate considers all available evidence including, as appropriate, the present value of expected future cash flows, the fair value of collateral less disposal costs, and other market data. Due to the nature of the development related debt investments, secondary market values are usually not available. For these investments, IDB Invest also considers the effects of the modification in its determination of the allowance for credit losses.

A modification of a development related debt investment is considered a TDR when the borrower is experiencing financial difficulty and IDB Invest has granted a concession to the borrower that it otherwise would not grant in order to maximize recoveries. IDB Invest monitors its development related debt investments for signs that the borrower may be facing financial difficulty. Information and events considered in determining whether a TDR is reasonably expected include the borrower's financial situation and competitive position in the marketplace, the risk associated with the underlying collateral, the willingness and capacity of the sponsor who organized the project to support the investment, the borrower's management team, and geopolitical and macroeconomic factors.

In light of the COVID-19 pandemic, IDB Invest has implemented loan modifications for loans that were otherwise performing in response to requests from borrowers for short-term relief. Modifications that meet the conditions set forth in the Interagency Statement² are not accounted for as TDRs. Additional information is included in Note 4.

Development related debt investments are partially or fully written off when IDB Invest has exhausted all possible means of recovery through a legal agreement, final bankruptcy settlement or when IDB Invest has determined with a reasonable degree of certainty that the relevant amount will not be collected. IDB Invest reduces the investment and related allowance for credit losses. Recoveries, if any, of previously written off amounts are recorded through the allowance.

Revenue recognition on development related debt investments – Interest income on development related debt investments is recorded on an accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are expected to be collected and is included in Interest and other income, net in the income statements. Accrued interest income receivable

² The Interagency Statement on Loan Modifications and Reporting for Financial Institutions Working with Customers Affected by the Coronavirus was issued jointly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the National Credit Union Administration, the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, and the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau.

Notes to Financial Statements

is presented separately from development related debt investments and is included in Receivables and other assets in the balance sheets.

Development related debt investments are generally placed in nonaccrual status when collectability is in doubt or payments of interest or principal are past due more than 90 days. IDB Invest does not accrue income and ceases amortization of any premiums or discounts on development related debt investments in nonaccrual status. Any uncollected interest accrued on a development related debt investment placed in nonaccrual status is reversed out of income and is thereafter recognized as Interest and other income, net in the income statements when the payment is received. A development related debt investment is returned to accrual status once management has concluded that the borrower has demonstrated its ability to make periodic interest and principal payments.

Fees and costs for development related debt investment measured at amortized cost are deferred and amortized over the life of the asset on a straight-line basis. Amortization of the net deferred fees and costs is included in Interest and other income, net, in the income statements thereby approximating how fees and costs would be reflected under the effective interest method. The net deferred amounts are included in Payables and other liabilities in the balance sheets. Fees and costs for development related debt investment measured at fair value are recognized as incurred and included in Interest and other income, net, in the income statements.

Equity investments – Equity investments include certain ownership interests in limited partnerships and similar fund structures (LPs) and direct equity investments primarily in small and medium-sized enterprises and financial institutions.

IDB Invest accounts for its equity investments at fair value through income. For investments in entities over which IDB Invest has significant influence, IDB Invest elects the fair value option in lieu of applying the equity method of accounting.

IDB Invest utilizes the NAV reported by the fund managers as a practical expedient for the fair value measurement of interests in LPs. The NAVs that have been reported by the fund manager are derived from the fair values of the underlying investments.

Revenue recognition on equity investments – Dividends and profit participations received from equity investments are recorded as income and reported in Realized gain/(loss) from sales, dividends and other income, net in the income statements.

Unrealized gains and losses related to fair value adjustments are recorded in Unrealized gain/(loss) from changes in fair value, net in the income statements. Disbursements and distributions that represent return of capital are recorded as increases and decreases, respectively, in the outstanding balance of these equity investments and recorded in Equity investments in the balance sheets.

Consolidation, non-controlling interests, variable interest entities – IDB Invest evaluates its variable interests in legal entities upon commitment, at the time of modification, if applicable, and on an annual basis to determine whether it must consolidate any entity. Pursuant to ASC 810, Consolidation, IDB Invest is required to consolidate an entity if (a) the entity is a variable interest entity (VIE) for which IDB Invest is the primary beneficiary or (b) the entity is not a VIE and IDB Invest has a controlling financial interest.

A variable interest is a contractual, ownership or other pecuniary interest in a VIE whose value changes as the fair value of the VIE's net assets change. A legal entity is a VIE if (i) it lacks sufficient equity to permit the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support or (ii) the equity investors, as a group, lack (a) the power, through voting or similar rights, to direct the activities of the entity that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance; (b) substantive voting rights; (c) the obligation to absorb the expected losses of the entity; or (d) the right to receive the expected residual returns of the entity.

Notes to Financial Statements

The primary beneficiary is the party with the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance and the obligation to absorb losses of the entity or the right to receive benefits of the VIE that could potentially be significant to the entity. Additional information about VIEs is included in Note 4.

Revenue recognition for service fees – IDB Invest recognizes revenue in connection with services it provides to the IDB and trust funds administered by the IDB or IDB Invest. A series of service level agreements (SLAs) define the nature of the services and corresponding fees for services provided to the IDB. The most significant of these services relates to loan origination and servicing performed on the IDB's behalf. IDB Invest recognizes revenue for these services as it fulfills its performance obligation over the annual service period. Similarly, IDB Invest receives project administration and general administrative fees for services provided to several special purpose trust funds administered by IDB Invest or the IDB. Additional information about related party transactions is included in Note 13.

Risk management and use of derivative instruments – IDB Invest uses derivative instruments primarily for market risk management purposes in connection with its principal business activities. IDB Invest enters into cross currency and interest rate swaps to manage foreign exchange and interest rate risks arising from mismatches between its development related debt investments and its borrowing liabilities. None are designated as hedging instruments under ASC 815, *Derivatives*.

Derivatives are recognized in the balance sheets at their fair value and are classified as either Derivative assets or Derivative liabilities. Changes in fair value of derivatives are recorded in Gain/(loss) from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net, in the income statements. Additional information about derivatives is included in Note 7.

Fixed and intangible assets – Fixed assets consist of office equipment and furniture and intangible assets consist of internally-developed software. Fixed and intangible assets are presented at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization and are included in Receivables and other assets in the balance sheets. Depreciation and amortization are recognized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets that range from three to seven years.

Leases – IDB Invest leases office space from the IDB at its headquarters and in its Regional Developing Member Countries. IDB Invest recognizes these leases as operating leases under ASC 842, *Leases*.

IDB Invest recognizes a right-of-use asset and lease liability in the balance sheets for each operating lease based on the present value of the future minimum lease payments over the lease term. The right-of-use assets are nonmonetary assets included in Receivable and other assets in the balance sheets and are amortized based on each period's discounted cash flows. Lease liabilities are monetary liabilities included in Payables and other liabilities in the balance sheets and are reduced based on each period's discounted cash flows. IDB Invest remeasures its lease liabilities originating in currencies other than US\$ at the exchange rate in effect at each reporting date. Operating lease expense is recorded on a straight-line basis and included in Administrative expenses in the income statements. Additional information related to IDB Invest's leases is included in Notes 5, 8, and 12.

Borrowings – To ensure funds are available for its operational liquidity needs, IDB Invest offers its debt securities to investors in international capital markets. IDB Invest's borrowings are carried at amortized cost or fair value in the balance sheets.

For those borrowings carried at amortized cost, the amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts is calculated following a methodology that approximates the effective interest method and is included in Borrowings expense in the income statements. The unamortized balance of the borrowing issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability is included as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of the Borrowings in the balance sheets. Interest expense on all borrowings is recognized on an accrual basis and is included in Borrowings expense in the income statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

For those borrowings carried at fair value, fair value changes are reported in accordance with ASC 825, *Financial Instruments*. Accordingly, the change in fair value due to market risk is reported in Gain/(loss) from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net, in the income statements. The remaining change in fair value resulting from changes in IDB Invest's own credit risk is reported in Unrealized gains/(losses) arising during the period related to fair value adjustments on borrowings attributable to changes in instrument-specific credit risk, net, in the statements of other comprehensive income, and is measured by using IDB Invest's own credit spread against a reference rate. Additional information about borrowings is included in Note 6.

Non-trading portfolio – IDB Invest's non-trading portfolio includes development related debt investments, derivatives, and borrowings accounted for at fair value. The reported income volatility resulting from these non-trading financial instruments is not fully representative of the underlying economics of the transactions as IDB Invest does not intend to actively trade such instruments. Therefore, Gain/(loss) from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign currency transactions, net, are reported separately from Income/(expense) from development related investments, liquid assets and other income, net of borrowing expenses in the income statements. Additional information about the non-trading portfolio is included in Note 11.

Remeasurements of foreign currency transactions – Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the US\$ are translated into US\$ at market exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet dates. Income and expenses are translated at the market exchange rate in effect at the transaction date. Resulting gains and losses from remeasurements are generally included in Gain/(loss) from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net in the income statements.

Fair value measurements – ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements*, requires entities to disclose information about recurring and non-recurring fair value measurements, as well as the fair value of financial instruments.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transfer between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions. Fair value measurement further assumes that a transaction to sell the asset or assume a liability takes place either in the principal market or, in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

In determining fair value, IDB Invest uses various valuation approaches, including market, income, or cost approaches. The Codification establishes a hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are inputs developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of IDB Invest that reflect assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data is not available and are developed using the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. The hierarchy is broken down into three levels based on the reliability of inputs as follows:

Level 1—Inputs are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Assets and liabilities utilizing Level 1 inputs include debt securities and equity investments that are actively traded and primarily include debt securities of the United States government and agencies.

Level 2—Inputs are based on quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices
for identical or similar assets or liabilities that are not actively traded; or pricing models for which all
significant inputs are observable, directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Assets and liabilities utilizing Level 2 inputs include money market funds, investment securities, and investments in obligations of banks, governments and agencies or instrumentalities other than the United States, sovereigns, local and regional governments, corporate bonds, borrowings, and derivative instruments that are not actively traded.

Notes to Financial Statements

• Level 3—Inputs are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

Assets utilizing Level 3 inputs include loans, development related debt securities, equity investments, and borrowings that are measured for which observable inputs are not available.

The availability of observable inputs is affected by a wide variety of factors, including, for example, the type of product, and other characteristics particular to the transaction. To the extent fair value is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3.

Fair value for the majority of IDB Invest's financial instruments is derived using pricing models. Pricing models consider the contract terms, including amortization schedule and maturity, where applicable, and other inputs, including, where applicable, interest rate yield curves, credit spreads, creditworthiness of the counterparty, option volatility, and currency rates. In accordance with ASC 820, the impact of IDB Invest's own credit spreads would also be considered when measuring the fair value of liabilities. Where appropriate, valuation adjustments are made to account for various factors, including bid-ask spreads, credit quality, and market liquidity. These adjustments are applied on a consistent basis and are based upon observable inputs, where available. Additional information about fair value measurements is included in Note 10.

Fair value option – The Fair Value Option (FVO) under ASC 825, *Financial Instruments*, permits the measurement of eligible financial assets, financial liabilities and firm commitments at fair value on an instrument-by-instrument basis, that are not otherwise permitted or required to be accounted for at fair value under other accounting standards. IDB Invest has elected the FVO for the following classes of financial assets and liabilities: i) certain investments in development related debt securities that IDB Invest does not have the ability and intent to hold until maturity, ii) certain hybrid development related debt investments, iii) investments that would otherwise be accounted for under the equity method, iv) certain development related investments in equity securities for which a measurement alternative is no longer applied, and v) certain borrowings that are economically hedged with derivative financial instruments.

Financial assets and borrowings elected under the FVO are measured at fair value on a recurring basis and changes in fair value of these financial instruments are included in Gain/(loss) from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net, in the income statements. Interest income on these financial instruments is recognized on an accrual basis, where applicable.

Loan participations – IDB Invest mobilizes funds from commercial banks and other financial institutions (Participants) by facilitating loan participations, without recourse. These loan participations are administered and serviced by IDB Invest on behalf of the Participants in exchange for a fee. Such fees are recognized upon receipt and are reported in Mobilization fees and other income in the income statements. The disbursed and outstanding balances of loan participations that meet the requirements to be accounted for as sales are not included in IDB Invest's balance sheets.

Pension and postretirement benefits – IDB Invest is a sponsor of the Staff Retirement Plan (SRP) and the Complementary Staff Retirement Plan (CSRP) (the Pension Plans), which are defined benefit pension plans jointly managed with the IDB. Under the Pension Plans, benefits are based on years of service and level of compensation, and plan assets include contributions by employees and by IDB Invest and the IDB for their respective employees. Any and all contributions to the Pension Plans are irrevocable and are held separately in retirement funds solely for the payment of benefits under the Pension Plans.

IDB Invest also provides certain health care, tax reimbursement and other postretirement benefits to eligible retirees under its Postretirement Benefits Plan (PRBP), which is also jointly managed by the IDB. Retirees contribute toward the PRBP based on an established premium schedule. IDB Invest and the IDB funds the remainder of the actuarially determined cost of future health care and other benefits for their respective employees. All contributions and other assets and income of the PRBP remain the property of IDB Invest and

Notes to Financial Statements

the IDB, but are held and administered separately and apart from the other property and assets of each employer solely for the purpose of payment of benefits under the PRBP.

Since both the IDB and IDB Invest are sponsors of the Pension Plans and the PRBP, each employer presents its respective share of these plans. The amounts presented reflect IDB Invest's proportionate share of costs, assets, and obligations of the Pension Plans and PRBP in accordance with ASC 715, Compensation – Retirement Benefits.

The service cost component of net periodic benefit costs allocated to IDB Invest is included in Administrative expenses and the other components are included in Other components of pension benefit costs, net, in the income statements. The separate funded statuses of the Pension Plans and the PRBP are included in Receivables and other assets when the respective Pension Plans or the PRBP is in a funded status, and included in Payables and other liabilities when the respective Pension Plans or the PRBP is in an underfunded status in the balance sheets. Additional information about the Pension Plans and PRBP is included in Note 14.

Taxes – IDB Invest, its property, other assets, income, and the operations and transactions it carries out pursuant to the Agreement Establishing the Inter-American Investment Corporation, are immune from all taxation and from all custom duties in its member countries. IDB Invest is also immune from any obligation relating to the payment, withholding or collection of any tax or duty in its member countries.

Accounting and financial reporting developments – In March 2022, the FASB issued ASU 2022-02, Financial Instruments—Credit Losses (Topic 326): Troubled Debt Restructurings and Vintage Disclosures. The amendments in this ASU eliminate the TDR recognition and measurement guidance and enhance existing disclosure requirements for modifications of receivables made to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty. They also require disclosure of current-period gross write-offs by year of origination for financing receivables within the scope of Subtopic 326-20. Early adoption of the amendments is permitted. For IDB Invest, this ASU is effective on January 1, 2023, and is not expected to have a material impact on IDB Invest's financial statements.

In June 2022, the FASB issued ASU 2022-03, Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Fair Value Measurement of Equity Securities Subject to Contractual Sale Restrictions. The amendments in this ASU clarify that a contractual restriction on the sale of an equity security is not considered part of the unit of account of the equity security and, therefore, is not considered in measuring fair value. The amendments also clarify that an entity cannot, as a separate unit of account, recognize and measure a contractual sale restriction. Additionally, certain disclosures for equity securities subject to contractual sale restrictions are required. For IDB Invest, this ASU is effective on January 1, 2024, and is not expected to have a material impact on IDB Invest's financial statements.

In December 2022, the FASB issued ASU 2022-06, *Reference Rate Reform (ASC 848): Deferral of the Sunset Date of Topic 848*. The amendments in this ASU defer the sunset date of the guidance in Topic 848 to December 31, 2024, and are effective immediately for all entities. This ASU is not expected to have a material impact on IDB Invest's financial statements or its reference rate reform transition plan as described in its Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Notes to Financial Statements

3. Liquid Assets

Liquid assets consists of the following (US\$ thousands):

	Decer	December 31, 2022			
Cash (1)	\$	57,886	\$	54,409	
Investment securities					
Money market funds		927,710		275,145	
Debt securities					
Corporate securities		926,282		876,384	
Agency securities		366,825		464,378	
Supranational securities		169,878		121,349	
Government securities		137,578		166,295	
Total debt securities	\$	1,600,563	\$	1,628,406	
Total investment securities		2,528,273		1,903,551	
Total liquid assets	\$	2,586,159	\$	1,957,960	

⁽¹⁾ Includes restricted cash of \$18.9 million as of December 31, 2022 (\$23.9 million as of December 31, 2021).

The total income from Liquid assets is summarized below (US\$ thousands):

	Year ended December 31						
		2022		2021			
Interests and dividends, net	\$	27,330	\$	9,853			
Gain/(loss) from changes in fair value and gain/(loss) from foreign exchange transactions, net		(32,714)		(1,657)			
Total	\$	(5,384)	\$	8,196			

Net unrealized losses recognized in income for the year ended December 31, 2022 relating to trading securities still held as of December 31, 2022 were \$22.1 million (\$7.7 million net unrealized losses for the year ended December 31, 2021).

The maturity structure of debt securities included in Liquid assets is as follows (US\$ thousands):

	Dece	ember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Less than one year	\$	1,241,710	\$ 952,394
Between one and five years		358,853	676,012
Total	\$	1,600,563	\$ 1,628,406

4. Development Related Investments

IDB Invest's development related investments include loans, guarantees, debt securities, and equity investments, which are the result of financing activities that are designed to promote the economic development of IDB Invest's Regional Developing Member Countries through the establishment, expansion, and modernization of private enterprises.

Notes to Financial Statements

The cost and carrying amount of development related investments are as follows (US\$ thousands):

	December 31, 2022		Decembe		er 31, 2021	
		Cost	Carrying amount	Cost		Carrying amount
Loans						
At amortized cost	\$	4,967,509	4,967,509	\$ 4,610,105	\$	4,610,105
At fair value		291,062	281,918	152,799		144,422
Total loans		5,258,571	5,249,427	4,762,904		4,754,527
Debt securities						
At amortized cost		153,405	153,405	118,275		118,275
At fair value		808,757	766,634	436,238		435,191
Total debt securities		962,162	920,039	554,513		553,466
Allowance for credit losses			(248,865)			(201,803)
Total development related debt investments, net		6,220,733	5,920,601	5,317,417		5,106,190
Equity investments						
At fair value		265,282	286,577	228,335		277,640
Total equity investments		265,282	286,577	228,335		277,640
Total development related investments, net	\$	6,486,015	\$ 6,207,178	\$ 5,545,752	\$	5,383,830

Notes to Financial Statements

Income from development related investments is summarized below (US\$ thousands):

	Year ended December 31				
		2022		2021	
Loans, debt securities and guarantees					
Interest income	\$	305,508	\$	178,091	
Fees and other income, net		20,100		17,394	
Recovery asset income/(release)		33,475		14,498	
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses		(64,413)		(5,707)	
Income/(expense) from loans, debt securities and guarantees		294,670		204,276	
Equity investments					
Realized gain/(loss) from sales, net		2,735		1,920	
Realized dividends and other income		166		50	
Unrealized gain/(loss) from changes in fair value, net		(28,010)		45,241	
Income from equity investments, net		(25,109)		47,211	
Income from development related investments, net	\$	269,561	\$	251,487	

Undisbursed commitments (net of cancellations) related to development related investments are summarized below (US\$ thousands):

	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021		
Loans					
At amortized cost	\$	1,247,609 \$	1,262,112		
At fair value		192,676	220,901		
Total loans		1,440,285	1,483,013		
Debt securities					
At amortized cost		_	_		
At fair value		121,541	419,347		
Total debt securities		121,541	419,347		
Total development related debt investments, net		1,561,826	1,902,360		
Equity investments					
At fair value		89,401	103,457		
Total equity investments		89,401	103,457		
Total development related investments, net	\$	1,651,227 \$	2,005,817		

Notes to Financial Statements

The maturity structure of development related debt investments is as follows (US\$ thousands):

	December 31, 2022		Dece	mber 31, 2021
Loans				
Due in one year or less	\$	1,900,617	\$	1,771,943
Due after one year through five years		1,877,022		1,637,845
Due after five years through ten years		1,227,915		1,100,582
Due after ten years and thereafter		280,521		266,015
Total loans		5,286,075		4,776,385
Debt securities				
Due in one year or less		67,338		32,654
Due after one year through five years		453,010		286,029
Due after five years through ten years		446,011		227,947
Due after ten years and thereafter		34,075		25,956
Total debt securities		1,000,434		572,586
Total development related debt investments, principal amount outstanding		6,286,509		5,348,971
Unamortized discounts		(65,776)		(31,554)
Total development related debt investments at cost		6,220,733		5,317,417
Fair value adjustments		(51,267)		(9,424)
Total development related debt investments at carrying amount	\$	6,169,466	\$	5,307,993

Notes to Financial Statements

Development related debt investments by currency and range of contractual interest rates, and a reconciliation of total cost to carrying amount are summarized below (US\$ thousands):

	Decembe	er 31, 2022	December 31, 2021			
	Amount	Interest rate range	Amount	Interest rate range		
Brazilian real (BRL)						
Loans	\$ 37,089	15.6%-19.0%	\$ 36,745	11.1%-14.5%		
Debt securities	31,032	15.7%	29,015	11.2%		
	68,121		65,760			
Colombian peso (COP)						
Loans	76,748	14.7%-20.5%	63,159	8.4%-12.3%		
Debt securities	139,782	9.5%-14.0%	116,248	4.6%-9.5%		
	216,530		179,407			
Chilean peso (CLP)						
Loans	29,818	7.6%-11.9%	_	—%		
	29,818					
Dominican Republic peso (DOP)						
Loans	_	—%	8,728	10.5%		
			8,728			
Mexican peso (MXN)						
Loans	139,445	11.8%-15.4%	115,212	6.7%-10.1%		
Debt securities	29,186	11.4%-13.0%	20,032	6.2%-13.0%		
Dobt cocumico	168,631	11.170 10.070	135,244	0.270 10.070		
Paraguayan guarani (PYG)	100,001		100,244			
Loans	26,459	7.5%-9.5%	19,847	7.5%-9.0%		
Loans	26,459	7.570-5.570	19,847	7.570-5.070		
Peruvian sol (PEN)	20,433		19,047			
Loans	41,836	10.5%-11.1%	39,818	10.5%-11.1%		
Debt securities		8.0%		8.0%		
Dept securities	15,144	0.0%	14,413	0.0%		
Tripided and Tabasa dellar (TTD)	56,980		54,231			
Trinidad and Tobago dollar (TTD)	20.475	4.00/	20 544	2.00/		
Loans	22,175	4.8%	29,514	3.8%		
Debt securities	44,349	3.5%		—%		
	66,524		29,514			
United States dollar (USD)	4 400 004	4 50/ 44 40/	0.040.000	0.50/.0.00/		
Loans	4,126,334	1.5%-14.1%	3,816,020	0.5%-9.2%		
Debt securities	553,671	3.0%-11.1%	295,542	2.3%-8.0%		
	4,680,005		4,111,562			
otal development related debt investments, before iscounted debt investments	5,313,068		4,604,293			
Discounted debt investments with no stated interest rate (USD)	804,464		596,050			
Discounted debt investments with no stated interest rate (MXN)	103,201		117,074			
otal development related debt investments at cost	6,220,733		5,317,417			
Fair value adjustments for debt investments	(51,267)		(9,424)			
otal development related debt investments at carrying mount	\$ 6,169,466		\$ 5,307,993			

Notes to Financial Statements

Base rates of variable rate loans reset at each interest due date at least annually or more frequently, but loan margins generally remain constant over the life of the variable rate loan.

Development related debt investments

An aging analysis, based on contractual terms, for development related debt investments as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 is as follows (US\$ thousands):

		December 31, 2022												
	1-90	days past due	>90	0 days past due	Tot	tal past due	Total current			otal portfolio				
Loans	\$	2,024	\$	19,968	\$	21,992	\$	5,264,083	\$	5,286,075				
Debt securities		_		_				1,000,434		1,000,434				
Total development related debt investments, principal amount outstanding		2,024		19,968		21,992		6,264,517		6,286,509				
Unamortized discounts		_		_		_		(65,776)		(65,776)				
Total development related debt investments at cost		2,024		19,968		21,992		6,198,741		6,220,733				
Fair value adjustments for debt investments		_		_		_		(51,267)		(51,267)				
Total development related debt investments at carrying amount	\$	2,024	\$	19,968	\$	21,992	\$	6,147,474	\$	6,169,466				

	December 31, 2021												
	1-90 days past due			0 days past due	То	tal past due	Total current			otal portfolio			
Loans	\$	312	\$	17,750	\$	18,062	\$	\$ 4,758,323		4,776,385			
Debt securities		_		_				572,586		572,586			
Total development related debt investments, principal amount outstanding		312		17,750		18,062		5,330,909		5,348,971			
Unamortized discounts		_		_		_		(31,554)		(31,554)			
Total development related debt investments at cost		312		17,750		18,062		5,299,355		5,317,417			
Fair value adjustments for debt investments		_		_		_		(9,424)		(9,424)			
Total development related debt investments at carrying amount	\$	312	\$	17,750	\$	18,062	\$	5,289,931	\$	5,307,993			

Notes to Financial Statements

IDB Invest monitors for development related debt investments measured at amortized cost and fair value in nonaccrual status and past due. Development related debt investments in nonaccrual status are summarized as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 as follows (US\$ thousands):

		Decembe	r 31, 202	2	Year ended December 31, 2022						
	Total	nonaccrual		days past d accruing	reco	est income ognized on ccrual status	Accrued interest income written off				
Loans	\$	30,125	\$	_	\$	1,163	\$	98			
Debt securities		_		_		_					
Total development related debt investments, principal amount outstanding		30,125		_		1,163		98			
Unamortized discounts		_		_							
Total development related debt investments at cost		30,125		_		1,163		98			
Fair value adjustments for debt investments (1)		(3,180)		_							
Total development related debt investments at carrying amount	\$	26,945	\$	_	\$	1,163	\$	98_			

⁽¹⁾ As of December 31, 2022, one loan measured at fair value with a principal amount outstanding of \$3.2 million and net carrying amount of zero was placed in nonaccrual status and current. There were no debt securities measured at fair value in nonaccrual status nor past due as of December 31, 2022.

		Decembe	er 31, 20	21	Year ended December 31, 2021						
	Total r	nonaccrual		days past nd accruing	reco	est income gnized on crual status	Accrued interest income written off				
Loans (1)	\$	25,431	\$	_	\$	593	\$	_			
Debt securities (1)		_		_		_		_			
Total development related debt investments, principal amount outstanding		25,431		_		593		_			
Unamortized discounts		_		_							
Total development related debt investments at cost		25,431		_		593		_			
Fair value adjustments for debt investments		_		_		_					
Total development related debt investments at carrying amount	\$	25,431	\$	_	\$	593	\$	_			

⁽¹⁾ There were no development related debt investments measured at fair value placed in nonaccrual status nor past due as of December 31, 2021.

There were no development related debt investments at amortized cost classified as nonaccrual without a related allowance for credit losses as of December 31, 2022 (none as of December 31, 2021).

Notes to Financial Statements

During 2022, there were no TDRs related to the development related debt investments portfolio. During 2021, there were three TDRs related to financial institutions and corporate loans included in development related debt investments, which had an outstanding balance of \$6.8 million prior to the modifications. These loans had an outstanding balance of \$7.4 million and individually assessed allowance for credit losses of \$2.3 million as of December 31, 2021. IDB Invest does not have commitments to extend additional funds to borrowers whose terms have been modified in a TDR. There were no payment defaults on loans modified in a TDR within the previous twelve months.

Since the beginning of the COVID-19 pandemic, IDB Invest has evaluated loans modifications under the guidance set forth in the Interagency Statement and determined that these modifications were not considered TDRs. During the year ended December 31, 2022, IDB Invest evaluated two loans modification with a total outstanding balance of \$50.8 million and the relief provided included short-term deferrals of principal amounting to \$2.6 million as of December 31, 2022. During 2021, IDB Invest evaluated loan modifications with a total outstanding balance of \$2.1 million and the relief provided included short-term deferrals of principal amounting to \$165 thousand as of December 31, 2021. The loans continue to accrue interest during the deferral period and are not reported as past due nor in nonaccrual status. IDB Invest continues to estimate the allowance for credit losses for these loans through the collective assessment under the CECL methodology.

Notes to Financial Statements

Changes in the allowance for credit losses by portfolio segment are presented below (US\$ thousands):

	 Year ended December 31, 2022 Financial institutions Corporates Project finance \$ (65,447) \$ (73,010) \$ (57,557) \$ — 194 — — — — — — 6,309 (42,211) (11,906)											
		Cor	porates				Total					
Loans												
Beginning balance	\$ (65,447)	\$	(73,010)	\$	(57,557)	\$	(196,014)					
Loans written off	_		194		_		194					
Recoveries	_		_		_		_					
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses	 6,309		(42,211)		(11,906)		(47,808)					
Loans ending balance	(59,138)		(115,027)		(69,463)		(243,628)					
Debt securities	 											
Beginning balance	(2,967)		(2,249)		(573)		(5,789)					
Debt securities written off	_		_		_							
Recoveries	_		_		_							
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses	(41)		514		79		552					
Debt securities ending balance	 (3,008)		(1,735)		(494)		(5,237)					
Allowance for credit losses	(62,146)		(116,762)		(69,957)		(248,865)					
Undisbursed commitments												
Beginning balance	(9,130)		(26,415)		(25,974)		(61,519)					
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses	5,719		(4,040)		(18,579)		(16,900)					
Undisbursed commitments ending balance	(3,411)		(30,455)		(44,553)		(78,419)					
Guarantees												
Beginning balance	(19)		_		(22)		(41)					
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses	(161)		_		(96)		(257)					
Guarantees ending balance	(180)		_		(118)		(298)					
Liability for off-balance sheet credit losses	(3,591)		(30,455)		(44,671)		(78,717)					
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses	\$ 11,826	\$	(45,737)	\$	(30,502)	\$	(64,413)					

Notes to Financial Statements

	institutions Corporates first							
			Co	orporates		Project finance		Total
Loans				_				
Beginning balance	\$	(59,862)	\$	(72,064)	\$	(41,321)	\$	(173,247)
Loans written off		_				1,273		1,273
Recoveries		(38)				_		(38)
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses		(5,547)		(946)		(17,509)		(24,002)
Loans ending balance		(65,447)		(73,010)		(57,557)		(196,014)
Debt securities								
Beginning balance		(4,630)		(2,558)		(663)		(7,851)
Debt securities written off		_		_		_		_
Recoveries		_		_		_		_
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses		1,663		309		90		2,062
Debt securities ending balance		(2,967)		(2,249)		(573)		(5,789)
Allowance for credit losses		(68,414)		(75,259)		(58,130)		(201,803)
Undisbursed commitments								
Beginning balance		(18,072)		(14,371)		(27,887)		(60,330)
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses		8,942		(12,044)		1,913		(1,189)
Undisbursed commitments ending balance		(9,130)		(26,415)		(25,974)		(61,519)
Guarantees								
Beginning balance		(282)		(1,142)		(16,039)		(17,463)
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses		263		1,142		16,017		17,422
Guarantees ending balance		(19)		_		(22)		(41)
Liability for off-balance sheet credit losses		(9,149)		(26,415)		(25,996)		(61,560)
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses	\$	5,321	\$	(11,539)	\$	511	\$	(5,707)

Notes to Financial Statements

A description of credit quality indicators is presented in the table below:

Rating categories	Credit quality indicator	Internal credit risk classification range	Description
aa- and better	Very strong	aa- or higher	An obligor in these categories has a very strong capacity to meet its financial commitment.
a+ to a-	Strong	a+, a, a-	An obligor in these categories has a strong capacity to meet its financial commitment.
bbb+ to bbb-	Adequate	bbb+, bbb, bbb-	An obligor in these categories exhibits an adequate financial profile. However, adverse economic conditions or changing circumstances are more likely to lead to a weakening of the obligor's capacity to meet its financial obligations.
bb+ to bb-	Moderate	bb+, bb, bb-	An obligor in these categories can face major uncertainties or exposures to adverse business, financial, or economic conditions that could lead to its inadequate capacity to meet its financial obligations.
b+ to b-	Weak	b+, b, b-	An obligor in these categories is more vulnerable to nonpayment than obligations rated bb-, but the obligor currently has the capacity to meet its financial obligations. Adverse business, financial, or economic conditions will likely impair the obligor's capacity or willingness to meet its financial obligations.
ccc+ and lower	Very weak	ccc+ or lower	An obligor in these categories faces significant challenges, and default may also already be a virtual certainty. The obligor is currently vulnerable to nonpayment, and is dependent upon favorable business, financial, and economic conditions for the obligor to meet its financial obligations. In the event of adverse business, financial, or economic conditions, the obligor is not likely to have the capacity to meet its financial obligations.

Notes to Financial Statements

A summary of development related debt investments carried at amortized cost by credit quality indicator, class of financing receivable and major security type, and vintage as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 are as follows (US\$ thousands):

				Decembe	er 31, 2022			
		Amortize		Revolving loans				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	Prior	amortized cost basis	Total
Loans								
Strong	\$ —	\$ 531	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 531
Adequate	83,600	33,920	229,000	5,221	3,143	25,727	382,168	762,779
Moderate	651,583	422,341	519,202	208,968	175,054	19,600	324,177	2,320,925
Weak	286,633	367,289	376,996	127,533	118,961	40,213	281,571	1,599,196
Very weak	6,500	62,953	14,843	60,052	80,310	58,420	1,000	284,078
Total loans	1,028,316	887,034	1,140,041	401,774	377,468	143,960	988,916	4,967,509
Debt securities								
Adequate	_	_	_	_	2,827	5,662	_	8,489
Moderate	44,348	_	_	50,000	34,568	_	_	128,916
Weak	_	_	_	_	13,000	_	_	13,000
Very weak	_	_	_	_	3,000	_	_	3,000
Total debt securities	44,348	_	_	50,000	53,395	5,662	_	153,405
Total amortized cost loans and debt securities		\$ 887,034	\$1.140.041	\$ 451,774	\$ 430,863	\$ 149,622	\$ 988,916	\$5,120,914

⁽¹⁾ Includes short-term loans with maturities of less than one year and \$40.0 million of line-of-credit arrangements that were converted to term loans during the year ended December 31, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements

	December 31, 2021													
				evolving loans										
	-										mortized ost basis		Γotal	
Loans														
Strong	\$	382	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	382
Adequate		19,041	2	274,000		15,350		_		13,785		319,955	(642,131
Moderate		600,051	4	44,415		335,544		200,776		54,762		416,837	2,0	052,385
Weak		462,544	5	65,842		256,215		230,792		126,985		117,678	1,7	760,056
Very weak				6,531		25,750		54,839		68,031		_		155,151
Total loans	1,	082,018	1,2	90,788		632,859		486,407		263,563		854,470	4,0	610,105
Debt securities														
Strong		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Adequate		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Moderate		_		_		50,000		43,382		5,893		_		99,275
Weak		_		_		_		13,000				_		13,000
Very weak		_		_		_		6,000				_		6,000
Total debt securities		_		_		50,000		62,382		5,893		_	•	118,275
Total amortized cost loans and debt securities	\$1	,082,018	\$1.3	290,788	\$	682,859	\$	548,789	\$	269,456	\$	854,470	\$4.7	728,380

⁽¹⁾ Includes short-term loans with maturities of less than one year. For the year ended December 31, 2021, there were no line of credit arrangements converted to term loans.

The following table presents the amortized cost and allowance for credit losses on held-to-maturity development related debt securities in comparison to the fair value and gross unrecognized holding gains/(losses) that would have been recorded if such securities were recorded at fair value (US\$ thousands):

		December 31, 2022												
	Δ	Amortized Allowance for Net carrying Gross unrecognized holding												
	cost			credit losses		amount		gains		losses		Fair value		
Debt securities	\$	153,405	\$	(5,237)	\$	148,168	\$	1,465	\$	(9,973)	\$	144,897		
Total	\$	153,405	\$	(5,237)	\$	148,168	\$	1,465	\$	(9,973)	\$	144,897		

		December 31, 2021												
	Δ	mortized	ed holding											
		cost		wance for dit losses	Net carrying amount		gains		losses		F	air value		
Debt securities	\$	118,275	\$	(5,789)	\$	112,486	\$	11,306	\$	_	\$	129,581		
Total	\$	118,275	\$	(5,789)	\$	112,486	\$	11,306	\$	_	\$	129,581		

Notes to Financial Statements

Guarantees

Guarantees issued by IDB Invest have maturities consistent with those of the guaranteed loan portfolio. No guarantees issued by IDB Invest have been called since the inception of the guarantee program.

The outstanding exposure for guarantees by IDB Invest was \$177.3 million as of December 31, 2022 (\$134.6 million as of December 31, 2021). The maximum potential amount of future payments under the guarantees, without taking into consideration possible recoveries under recourse provisions or from collateral held or pledged, amounted to \$196.5 million as of December 31, 2022 (\$146.7 million as of December 31, 2021).

The contingent liabilities associated with the guarantees issued by IDB Invest are measured either under the CECL methodology or at fair value through income. For guarantees measured under the CECL methodology, IDB Invest recorded a contingent liability for off-balance sheet credit exposures of \$298 thousand as of December 31, 2022 (\$41 thousand as of December 31, 2021) in the balance sheets and a provision for credit losses of \$257 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2022 (release of provision for credit losses of \$17.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2021) in the income statements. In connection with guarantees measured at fair value, IDB Invest recorded a reduction in the contingent liability of \$459 thousand as of December 31, 2022 in the balance sheets (reduction in the contingent liability of \$1.2 million as of December 31, 2021) and recognized \$692 thousand net unrealized losses for the year ended December 31, 2022 (net unrealized gains of \$1.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2021) in the income statements. Refer to Note 10 for additional information related to guarantees measured at fair value.

Loan participations

As of December 31, 2022, IDB Invest serviced loan participations outstanding of \$3.1 billion (\$2.2 billion as of December 31, 2021) and recognized servicing fees of \$935 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2022 (\$1.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2021) included in Mobilization fees and other income in the income statements.

Variable interest entities

IDB Invest is the primary beneficiary of one VIE as of December 31, 2022. IDB Invest's involvement with this VIE is limited to a loan, which amounted to \$1.2 million as of December 31, 2022 (\$7.0 million as of December 31, 2021) and is recorded as Development related investments in the balance sheets. There were no undisbursed commitments as of December 31, 2022 (none as of December 31, 2021). Based on the most recent available data, total VIE assets are approximately equal to the carrying value of the Development related investment recognized in the balance sheets as of December 31, 2022. This VIE has no other creditors.

IDB Invest also holds variable interests in the form of development related investments in VIEs in which it is not the primary beneficiary as of December 31, 2022. These VIEs are mainly special purpose vehicles or investment funds, where the sponsor, the general partner or fund manager does not have substantive equity at risk or the equity investors, as a group, lack substantive voting rights or the power, through voting or similar rights, to direct the activities of the entity that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance. In 2022, special purpose vehicles related to securitization structures and other trust arrangements in which IDB Invest has a variable interest in the form of a loan or other debt instrument were incorporated into the following table. IDB Invest's interests in these VIEs are recorded as Development related investments in the balance sheets.

Notes to Financial Statements

IDB Invest's maximum exposure to loss as a result of its involvement in such VIEs as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 is in the table below (US\$ thousands). IDB Invest does not have any liabilities with respect to these VIEs.

	Decem	ber 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Carrying value	\$	499,125 \$	162,336
Undisbursed commitments		238,282	103,457
Maximum exposure to VIEs	\$	737,407 \$	265,793

5. Receivables and Other Assets

Receivables and other assets are summarized below (US\$ thousands):

	Notes	Dece	mber 31, 2022	Dece	ember 31, 2021
Receivables for cash collateral pledged	7	\$	214,500	\$	65,800
Recovery assets			71,633		38,158
Interest receivable on development related debt investments			57,746		24,030
Operating lease right-of-use asset			35,917		40,174
Postretirement Benefit Plan, net asset	14		34,677		
Fixed and intangible assets			12,863		13,796
Interest receivable on investment securities			5,917		6,976
Other assets			5,482		3,011
Total receivables and other assets		\$	438,735	\$	191,945

Notes to Financial Statements

6. Borrowings

Borrowings outstanding by measurement basis, currency, and range of contractual interest rates applicable to each category are presented below (US\$ thousands):

	December 31, 2022			December 3	31, 2021
	Amount outstanding	Interest rate range		Amount outstanding	Interest rate range
At amortized cost					
Australian dollar (AUD)	\$ 352,669	1.1%-2.2%	\$	376,426	1.1%-2.2%
Brazilian real (BRL)	55,763	13.9%-16.1%		50,173	9.4%-11.6%
Colombian peso (COP)	149,565	6.6%-16.8%		175,824	3.5%-9.2%
Dominican peso (DOP)	_	— %		8,728	8.8%
Mexican peso (MXN)	359,289	10.4%-10.8%		292,506	5.2%-5.7%
Paraguayan guarani (PYG)	26,459	5.4%-7.9%		19,847	5.4%-6.1%
Trinidad and Tobago dollar (TTD)	66,523	2.0%-2.1%		29,514	2.1%
United States dollar (USD)	900,000	1.7%-4.6%		600,000	1.7%-1.8%
Principal at face value	1,910,268			1,553,018	
Unamortized premiums/discounts and issuance costs, net	(1,764)			(2,214)	
Borrowings at amortized cost, net	1,908,504			1,550,804	
At fair value					
Australian dollar (AUD)	438,927	1.5%-4.9%		99,176	1.5%
Euro (EUR)	673,043	3.1%		_	— %
United States dollar (USD)	3,000,000	0.5%-2.6%		3,000,000	0.5%-0.8%
Principal at face value	4,111,970			3,099,176	
Unamortized premiums/discounts and issuance costs, net	(7,229)			(3,571)	
Fair value (gain)/loss adjustments, net	(228,948)			(33,780)	
Borrowings at fair value, net	3,875,793			3,061,825	
Total borrowings at carrying amount, net	\$ 5,784,297		\$	4,612,629	

Notes to Financial Statements

Principal amounts repayable on borrowings outstanding in all currencies are as follows (US\$ thousands):

	December 31, 2022					
2023	\$	1,125,251				
2024		1,021,854				
2025		1,181,749				
2026		1,286,135				
2027		901,709				
Thereafter		505,540				
Total principal amount outstanding		6,022,238				
Unamortized premiums/discounts and issuance costs, net		(8,993)				
Fair value (gain)/loss adjustments, net		(228,948)				
Total borrowings at carrying amount, net	\$	5,784,297				

Availability under existing senior and unsecured credit facilities by currency are as follows (US\$ thousands):

				December 3	31, 2022
	Available until	Committed amount		Undrawn commitment amount	Drawdown amount
Colombian peso					
COP 254 billion	2024	\$	52,355	\$ — \$	52,355
Multi-currency					
USD 300 million	2033	\$	300,000	\$ 90,259 \$	209,741

Borrowings expense, net, is as follows (US\$ thousands):

	Year ended December 31			
		2022		2021
Interest expense	\$	112,654	\$	59,794
Fees expense		237		346
Amortization of premiums/discounts and issuance costs, net		4,638		2,756
Total borrowings expense, net	\$	117,529	\$	62,896

Changes in fair value of borrowings attributable to changes in instrument-specific credit risk recognized in Other comprehensive income/(loss) are as follows (US\$ thousands):

	Year ended December 31					
		2022	2021			
Unrealized gain/(loss) during the period	\$	20,074 \$	(18,416)			
Total recognized in other comprehensive income/(loss)	\$	20,074 \$	(18,416)			

Notes to Financial Statements

7. Derivative Instruments

IDB Invest enters into contracts for derivative instruments primarily for market risk management purposes in connection with its principal business activities. None of these derivative instruments are designated as hedging instruments under ASC 815, *Derivatives*.

The location presented as assets/(liabilities) in the balance sheets and the fair value of derivative instruments by purpose and type are summarized below (US\$ thousands):

			Decembe	er 3	1, 2022		Decembe	r 3	1, 2021	
Derivative purpose	Derivative type		Derivative assets		Derivative liabilities		Derivative assets		Derivative liabilities	
Development related debt investments	Cross currency swaps	\$	2,884	\$	(4,731)	\$	5,302	\$	(1,311)	
	Interest rate swaps		131,305		(932)		11,106		(2,849)	
Borrowings	Cross currency swaps		34,957		(154,844)		_		(39,023)	
	Interest rate swaps		_		(202,358)		1,281		(36,758)	
Total		\$	169,146	\$	(362,865)	\$	17,689	\$	(79,941)	

The effect of derivative instruments in the income statements are summarized below (US\$ thousands):

		 Year ended Dec	ember 31	
Derivative type and purpose	Income statement location	2022	2021	
Development related debt investments				
Cross currency swaps	Gain/(loss) from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net	\$ (9,749) \$	3,446	
Interest rate swaps	Gain/(loss) from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net	135,797	8,818	
Borrowings				
Cross currency swaps	Gain/(loss) from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net	(81,466)	(40,269)	
Interest rate swaps	Gain/(loss) from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net	(158,423)	(31,084)	
Total		\$ (113,841) \$	(59,089)	

The income related to each derivative type includes realized and unrealized gains and losses.

As of December 31, 2022, the outstanding volume, measured by notional amount, of swap contracts was \$6.1 billion (\$4.6 billion as of December 31, 2021).

Notes to Financial Statements

IDB Invest does not present derivative assets and liabilities related to contracts entered into with the same counterparty under a legally enforceable netting agreement on a net basis in the balance sheets. The following tables provide the gross and net positions of IDB Invest's derivative contracts considering amounts and collateral held or pledged in accordance with enforceable counterparty credit support and netting agreements described below (US\$ thousands):

				Decembe	r 31, 2022	2	
	asse	s amount of ts presented he balance	Gross a	amounts not offs	et in the	balance sheets	
		sheets	Financ	ial instruments	Collate	eral received (1)	Net amount
Derivative assets	\$	169,146	\$	(153,796)	\$	(13,650)	\$ 1,700
				Decembe	r 31, 2022	2	
	i	s amount of iabilities ented in the	Gross a	amounts not offs	et in the	balance sheets	
		ance sheets	Financ	ial instruments	Collate	eral pledged (1)	Net amount
Derivative liabilities	\$	(362,865)	\$	153,796	\$	204,018	\$ (5,051)

⁽¹⁾ Collateral received of \$13.7 million and collateral pledged of \$204.0 million reflect the offsetting threshold limits, which cannot exceed the fair value of the derivative assets and derivative liabilities. Total cash collateral pledged was \$214.5 million and total cash collateral received was \$13.7 million as of December 31, 2022. Refer to Notes 5 and 8 for additional details related to Receivables for cash collateral pledged and Payables for cash collateral received, respectively.

	December 31, 2021									
	asset	Gross amount of assets presented in the balance sheets Gross amounts not offset in the balance sheets								
		sheets		Financial instruments Collateral received (1)				Net amount		
Derivative assets	\$	17,689	\$	(12,372)	\$	(5,317)	\$	_		
				Decembe	r 31, 2	021				
	li	s amount of abilities ented in the	Gross a	mounts not offs	et in th	ne balance sheets				
			Fi	-1 :	<u> </u>	lleteral pledged		Nat amazumt		
	bala	nce sheets	Financi	al instruments	Co	llateral pledged		Net amount		

⁽¹⁾ Collateral received of \$5.3 million reflects the offsetting threshold limit, which cannot exceed the fair value of the derivative assets. Total cash collateral received was \$5.7 million as of December 31, 2021. Refer to Note 8 for additional details related to Payables for cash collateral received.

IDB Invest's derivative contracts with market counterparties are entered into under standardized master agreements published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association ("ISDA" Agreements). ISDA Agreements provide for a single lump sum settlement amount upon the early termination of transactions following a default or termination event whereby amounts payable by the non-defaulting party to the other party may be applied to reduce any amounts that the other party owes the non-defaulting party. This setoff effectively reduces any amount payable by the non-defaulting party to the defaulting party.

IDB Invest's ISDA Agreements are appended by a Credit Support Annex ("CSA") that provides for the receipt and posting of collateral in the form of cash in US\$ or U.S. Treasury securities to reduce mark-to-market exposure among derivative market counterparties. IDB Invest recognizes cash collateral received and a corresponding liability in its balance sheets for the obligation to return it. As of December 31, 2022, IDB Invest had \$13.7 million of outstanding obligations to return cash collateral under CSAs (\$5.7 million as of December 31, 2021). IDB Invest recognizes a receivable in its balance sheets for its rights to cash collateral posted. As of December 31, 2022, \$214.5 million of cash collateral was posted under CSAs (\$65.8 million as of December 31,

Notes to Financial Statements

2021). No securities collateral was received or pledged as of December 31, 2022 nor December 31, 2021. Securities received as collateral are not recognized in the balance sheets. In accordance with the CSAs, IDB Invest may rehypothecate securities received as collateral, subject to the obligation to return such collateral and any related distributions received. In the event of a counterparty default, IDB Invest may exercise certain rights and remedies, including the right to setoff any amounts payable by the counterparty against any collateral held by IDB Invest and the right to liquidate any collateral held.

8. Payables and Other Liabilities

Payables and other liabilities are summarized below (US\$ thousands):

	Notes	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Liability for off-balance sheet credit losses	4	\$ 78,717	\$ 61,560
Operating lease liability	12	37,115	41,593
Pension and Postretirement Benefit Plans			
Pension Plans, net liability	14	35,375	126,178
Postretirement Benefit Plan, net liability	14	_	18,453
Other liabilities		27,874	28,241
Borrowings related Interest and commitment fees payable		25,911	18,215
Loan origination fees and costs, net	4	24,656	34,793
Employment benefits payable		18,257	16,635
Deferred revenue		17,948	16,092
Payables for cash collateral received	7	13,650	5,700
Due to IDB, net	13	10,191	16,620
Total payables and other liabilities		\$ 289,694	\$ 384,080

Deferred revenue includes service fees collected from related parties. Additional information about IDB Invest's related party transactions is included in Note 13.

Notes to Financial Statements

9. Capital

IDB Invest's authorized share capital is owned by its member countries. IDB Invest's original authorized share capital was increased from \$200.0 million to \$705.9 million, equivalent to 70,590 shares, through its First General Capital Increase (GCI-I), which was approved in 1999, and several subsequent special increases. These increases allocated a total of \$505.9 million for subscriptions by new and existing member countries, with a par value and issuance price of \$10,000 per share.

On March 30, 2015, IDB Invest's Board of Governors authorized the issuance of 125,474 shares for a total of \$2.03 billion (\$16,178.60 per share) through the Second General Capital Increase (GCI-II), which increased the total authorized shares amount to 196,064. GCI-II is comprised as follows:

(i) 80,662 shares corresponding to \$1.305 billion in capital subscribed by IDB Invest shareholders during the 2016-2022 period (Annex A Shares). Subscribed shares are presented in Capital, par value, and Additional paid-in capital, and any subscription amount due from a member is presented in Receivable from members in the balance sheets. Payments are due from shareholders on October 31 of each year from 2016 to 2022 according to a payment plan determined and communicated by management to each subscribing country. As of December 31, 2022, the timing of remaining payments has been extended to January 31, 2023. IDB Invest recognizes the issuance of Annex A Shares at the subscription price on the subscription date and recognizes a receivable due from shareholders for subscription payments expected to be received in the future. The Board of Executive Directors is authorized to extend payment deadlines. The price for Annex A Shares not paid within their corresponding annual installment is adjusted to reflect a 5.0% increase for each year of arrears, except for those shares corresponding to the first installment which were fully paid in by the end of the second installment and not subject to a price adjustment. The price adjustment for shares in arrears is recorded to Additional paid-in capital and to Receivable from members in the balance sheets.

(ii) 44,812 shares corresponding to \$725.0 million in transfers from the IDB on behalf of its shareholders (Annex B Shares) paid to IDB Invest during the period 2018-2025 upon annual approval by the IDB Board of Governors.

Capital contributions of \$46.8 million were received during the year ended December 31, 2022 for a total of \$1.2 billion in contributions corresponding to Annex A Shares under GCI-II. In March 2022, the Board of Governors approved income distributions corresponding to Annex B Shares transfers from the IDB on behalf of its shareholders that are also member countries of IDB Invest. Following this approval, IDB Invest received \$148.6 million in income distributions (transfers) for a total of \$505.1 million contributions corresponding to Annex B Shares under GCI-II, which are included as part of Total paid-in capital in the balance sheets. Total capital contributions of \$1.7 billion have been received under GCI-II through December 31, 2022.

Under the Agreement Establishing the Inter-American Investment Corporation, any member may withdraw from IDB Invest, which shall become effective on the date specified in the notice but in no event prior to six months from the delivery date of such notice. Even after withdrawing, a member shall remain liable for all obligations to IDB Invest to which it was subject on the date of delivery of the withdrawal notice. In the event a member withdraws, IDB Invest and the member may agree to the repurchase of the shares of said member on terms appropriate under the circumstances. If such agreement is not reached within three months of the withdrawal notice, or within a term agreed upon between both parties, the repurchase price of the member's shares shall be equal to the book value on the date when the member ceases to belong to IDB Invest, such book value to be determined by the audited financial statements. Payment for shares shall be made in such installments, times, and currencies as IDB Invest shall determine, taking into account its financial position.

Notes to Financial Statements

Capital and receivable from members are as follows (US\$ thousands, except for Shares and Voting power):

			Ca	pital			Voting	power
			Additional	Receivable		Percent of		
	Shares ⁽¹⁾	Capital, par value	paid-in capital ⁽²⁾	from members ⁽³⁾	Total paid in capital	total paid in capital ⁽⁴⁾	Number of votes	Percent of total votes ⁽⁴⁾
Argentina	20,956	\$ 209,560			\$ 289,066	11.93	20,631	12.06
Austria	937	9,370	3,663	_	13,033	0.54	915	0.53
Bahamas	373	3,730	1,458	_	5,188	0.21	341	0.20
Barbados	262	2,620	1,065	_	3,685	0.15	250	0.15
Belgium	272	2,720	645	_	3,365	0.14	272	0.16
Belize	137	1,370	234	_	1,604	0.07	137	0.08
Bolivia	1,685	16,850	6,405	_	23,255	0.96	1,656	0.97
Brazil	20,956	209,560	84,459	_	294,019	12.13	18,577	10.86
Canada	5,349	53,490	32,141	_	85,631	3.53	5,211	3.05
Chile	5,439	54,390	21,470	_	75,860	3.13	5,259	3.07
China	9,330	93,300	56,698	_	149,998	6.19	9,007	5.26
Colombia	5,439	54,390	20,721	_	75,111	3.10	5,353	3.13
Costa Rica	814	8,140	3,107	_	11,247	0.46	799	0.47
Croatia ⁽⁵⁾	15	150	98	_	248	0.01	15	0.01
Denmark	1,124	11,240	336	_	11,576	0.48	1,124	0.66
Dominican Republic	1,125	11,250	4,256	_	15,506	0.64	1,105	0.65
Ecuador	1,133	11,330	4,309	_	15,639	0.65	1,113	0.65
El Salvador	814	8,140	3,233	_	11,373	0.47	799	0.47
Finland	1,071	10,710	4,195	_	14,905	0.61	1,047	0.61
France	3,465	34,650	8,061	_	42,711	1.76	3,437	2.01
Germany	1,931	19,310	3,699	_	23,009	0.95	1,931	1.13
Guatemala	1,078	10,780	4,079	_	14,859	0.61	1,057	0.62
Guyana	306	3,060	1,160	_	4,220	0.17	300	0.18
Haiti	814	8,140	3,835	_	11,975	0.49	665	0.39
Honduras	814	8,140	3,186	_	11,326	0.47	794	0.46
Israel	440	4,400	1,665	_	6,065	0.25	425	0.25
Italy	5,238	52,380	19,013	_	71,393	2.95	5,149	3.01
Jamaica	601	6,010	1,131	_	7,141	0.29	601	0.35
Japan	6,526	65,260	24,939	_	90,199	3.72	6,435	3.76
Korea	8,293	82,930	50,291	_	133,221	5.50	8,007	4.68
Mexico	13,425	134,250	50,786	_	185,036	7.63	13,217	7.73
Netherlands	1,133	11,330	395	_	11,725	0.48	1,133	0.66
Nicaragua	814	8,140	3,100	_	11,240	0.46	799	0.47
Norway	1,069	10,690	4,185	_	14,875	0.61	1,044	0.61
Panama	1,115	11,150	4,889	_	16,039	0.66	1,090	0.64
Paraguay	848	8,480	3,227	_	11,707	0.48	831	0.49
Peru	5,651	56,510	22,031	_	78,541	3.24	5,541	3.24
Portugal	406	4,060	1,396	_	5,456	0.23	395	0.23
Slovenia ⁽⁶⁾	9	90	62	_	152	0.01	9	0.01
Spain	7,581	75,810	31,450	_	107,260	4.43	7,425	4.34
Suriname	128	1,280	181	_	1,461	0.06	128	0.07
Sweden	1,048	10,480	4,065	_	14,545	0.60	1,025	0.60
Switzerland	2,436	24,360	8,440	_	32,800	1.35	2,390	1.40
Trinidad and Tobago	807	8,070	3,940	(135)	11,875	0.49	583	0.34
United States	25,481	254,810	58,475	(100)	313,285	12.93	25,481	14.89
Uruguay	2,233	22,330	8,472	_	30,802	1.27	2,196	1.28
Venezuela	11,520	115,200	65,032	(119,764)	60,468	2.49	5,383	3.15
Total as of December 31, 2022	182,441	·	·		•	100	171,082	100
Total as of December 31, 2021	173,265	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-	161,906	

⁽¹⁾ Includes Annex B shares for which income distributions (transfers) were made by IDB on behalf of its shareholders.
(2) Includes the amount in addition to par value for shares under GCI-II, partial payments in excess of full shares.
(3) Represents receivable from members under GCI-II.
(4) Data are rounded; detail may not add to total because of rounding.
(5) Croatia's voting power is 0.0088.
(6) Slovenia's voting power is 0.0053.

Notes to Financial Statements

10. Fair Value Measurements

IDB Invest carries a portion of its financial instruments at fair value on a recurring basis and discloses fair value of financial instruments not carried at fair value in accordance with US GAAP. The methodologies and key assumptions IDB Invest uses to estimate the fair values of its financial instruments are summarized below.

Projections of future cash flows and other assumptions and methodologies used in the determination of fair value are subjective, particularly when the measurement relies on unobservable market inputs. Minor changes in assumptions or methodologies may affect the fair value measurements.

Cash – The carrying amount reported in the balance sheets approximates fair value.

Investment securities – Fair values for money market funds and debt securities are based on either unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets or quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities or prices derived from alternative pricing models when these prices are not available from pricing vendors. These methodologies apply to certain investments in non-U.S. government obligations, agencies, supranationals and corporate bonds. Also included are commercial paper (CP) and certificates of deposit (CD) issued under large U.S. based CP or CD programs. For investments for which prices and other relevant information, generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets, are not available, the income approach is used, based on yield curves, bond or credit default swap spreads, and recovery rates based on collateral values as key inputs.

Development related debt investments – Loans and development related investments in debt securities for which a combination of observable and unobservable inputs is generally available, require the use of estimates and present value calculations of future cash flows. Fair values are estimated using recently executed transactions, market price quotations (where observable), and market observable credit default swap levels along with proprietary valuation models where such transactions and quotations are unobservable. The lack of objective pricing standards adds a greater degree of subjectivity and volatility to these derived or estimated fair values.

Any excess or deficit resulting from the difference between the carrying amounts of the development related debt investments carried at amortized cost and the fair value disclosed does not necessarily reflect the realizable values since IDB Invest generally holds investments to maturity with the aim of realizing their contractual cash flows.

Equity investments – In most cases, market prices are not available for equity investments, and alternate valuation techniques require a significant degree of judgment. IDB Invest intends to hold investments in LPs until the final liquidation of the underlying assets of the LPs in order to participate fully in the performance of the LP. IDB Invest does not have redemption rights in any of these investments. IDB Invest estimates that the underlying assets of the LPs generally may be liquidated over a period of ten years.

Equity investments are carried at fair value on a recurring basis if publicly traded in active markets, or if IDB Invest elects the FVO. For investments in LPs, IDB Invest utilizes the NAVs reported by the fund managers as the basis of the fair value measurement. These NAVs are derived from the fair values of the underlying investments and adjusted further by IDB Invest, as needed.

Derivative instruments – These include cross currency and interest rate swap contracts. Fair values are determined by obtaining the present value of estimated future cash flows using appropriate discount rates.

Borrowings – IDB Invest's borrowings are recorded at amortized cost or fair value. The fair value of IDB Invest's borrowings is estimated using traded prices, quoted market prices or discounted cash flow analyses based on IDB Invest's current borrowing rates for similar types of borrowing arrangements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Other assets and liabilities – The carrying value of financial instruments included in Receivables and other assets, and Payables and other liabilities approximates fair value due to their liquid or short-term nature. Payables and other liabilities includes guarantees issued and measured at fair value.

Fair value of financial instruments

The following table presents the carrying values and estimated fair values of IDB Invest's financial instrument assets/(liabilities) and their classification within the fair value hierarchy in accordance with ASC 820.

			D	ecem	nber 31, 20	22			
Expressed in US\$ thousands	Carrying amount	Lev	el 1	ı	Level 2		Level 3	Fair	value
Investment securities									
Money market funds	\$ 927,710	\$	_	\$	927,710	\$	_	\$ 9	27,710
Corporate securities	926,282		_		926,282		_		26,282
Agency securities	366,825		_		366,825		_	3	66,825
Supranational securities	169,878		_		169,878		_	1	69,878
Government securities	137,578		_		137,578		_	1	37,578
	2,528,273		_		2,528,273		_	2,5	28,273
Loans									
Amortized cost	4,967,509		_		_		4,569,835	4,5	69,835
Fair value	281,918		_		_		281,918	2	81,918
	5,249,427		_		_		4,851,753	4,8	51,753
Debt securities									
Amortized cost	153,405		_		_		144,897	1	44,897
Fair value	735,051		_		_		735,051	7	35,051
NAV ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	31,583								31,583
	920,039		_		_		879,948	9	11,531
Equity investments									
Fair value	98,858		1,024		_		97,834		98,858
NAV ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	187,719							1	87,719
	286,577		1,024				97,834	2	86,577
Derivative assets									
Cross currency swaps	37,841		_		37,841		_		37,841
Interest rate swaps	131,305		_		131,305		_	1	31,305
	169,146		_		169,146			1	69,146
Borrowings									
Amortized cost	(1,908,504)	_	(1,538,639)		(271,540)	(1,8	10,179)
Fair value	(3,875,793)	_	(3,875,793)			(3,8	75,793)
	(5,784,297)	_	(5,414,432)		(271,540)	(5,6	85,972)
Derivative liabilities									
Cross currency swaps	(159,575)	_		(159,575)		_	(1	59,575)
Interest rate swaps	(203,290)	_		(203,290)			(2	03,290)
	(362,865)	_		(362,865)		_	(3	62,865)
Payables and other liabilities									
Guarantees measured at fair value	459		_		_		459		459
Undisbursed commitments measured at fair value	(267)	_		_		(267)		(267)
Other liability	(671		_		_		(671)		(671)
	\$ (479	\$		\$		\$	(479)	\$	(479)

⁽¹⁾ In accordance with ASC 820, investments recorded using NAV as a practical expedient for fair value have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to reconcile to the amounts presented in the balance sheets.
(2) As of December 31, 2022, the maximum undisbursed commitments subject to capital calls for these investments were \$81.0 million.

				D	ece	mber 31, 20	21			
Expressed in US\$ thousands	Carryin			Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	F	air value
Investment securities					_					
Money market funds	\$ 275,	145	\$	_	\$	275,145	\$	_	\$	275,145
Corporate securities	876,	384		_		876,384		_		876,384
Agency securities	464,	378		_		464,378		_		464,378
Supranational securities	121,	349		_		121,349		_		121,349
Government securities	166,	295		_		166,295		_		166,295
	1,903,	551		_		1,903,551		_		1,903,551
Loans										
Amortized cost	4,610,	105		_		_		4,690,765		4,690,765
Fair value	144,	422		_		_		144,422		144,422
	4,754,	527		_		_		4,835,187		4,835,187
Debt securities										
Amortized cost	118,	275		_		_		129,581		129,581
Fair value	405,	866		_		_		405,866		405,866
NAV ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	29,	325								29,325
	553,	466		_		_		535,447		564,772
Equity investments										
Fair value	115,	213		971		_		114,242		115,213
NAV ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	162,	427								162,427
	277,	640		971		_		114,242		277,640
Derivative assets										
Cross currency swaps	5,	302		_		5,302		_		5,302
Interest rate swaps	12,	387	_		_	12,387	_			12,387
	17,	689		_		17,689		_		17,689
Borrowings										
Amortized cost	(1,550,	804)		_		(1,302,414)		(258,297)		(1,560,711)
Fair value	(3,061,	825)			_	(3,061,825)	_			(3,061,825)
	(4,612,	629)		_		(4,364,239)		(258,297)		(4,622,536)
Derivative liabilities										
Cross currency swaps	(40,	334)		_		(40,334)		_		(40,334)
Interest rate swaps	(39,	607)	_		_	(39,607)	_			(39,607)
	(79,	941)		_		(79,941)		_		(79,941)
Payables and other liabilities										
Guarantees measured at fair value	1,	151		_		_		1,151		1,151
Undisbursed commitments measured at fair value	1,	686		_		_		1,686		1,686
Other liability										
	\$ 2,	837	\$		\$		\$	2,837	\$	2,837

⁽¹⁾ In accordance with ASC 820, investments recorded using NAV as a practical expedient for fair value have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to reconcile to the amounts presented in the balance sheets. ⁽²⁾ As of December 31, 2021, the maximum undisbursed commitments subject to capital calls for these investments were \$103.5 million.

Notes to Financial Statements

The following tables present changes in carrying value of IDB Invest's Level 3 financial instrument assets/ (liabilities) that are carried at fair value as follows (US\$ thousands):

				Υ	ear ended Dece	mb	er 31, 2022		
	lance as of uary 1, 2022	(le inc	et gains/ osses) luded in ncome	D	Disbursements, purchases, sales, settlements and other		Balance as of December 31, 2022	los: earı asse	unrealized gains/ ses) included in nings related to ts/liabilities held cember 31, 2022
Loans	\$ 144,422	\$	289	\$	137,207	\$	281,918	\$	289
Debt securities	405,866		(46,724)		375,909		735,051		(52,306)
Equity investments	114,242		(16,894)		486		97,834		(17,588)
Total assets at fair value	664,530		(63,329)		513,602		1,114,803		(69,605)
Guarantees measured at fair value	1,151		(692)		_		459		(692)
Undisbursed commitments measured at fair value	1,686		(1,953)		_		(267)		(1,953)
Other liability			(23)		(648)		(671)		(23)

(648) \$

(479) \$

(2,668)

(2,668) \$

2,837 \$

Total liabilities at fair

value

				١	Year ended Dece	mb	er 31, 2021		
	alance as of nuary 1, 2021	in	et gains/ (losses) cluded in income	ı	Disbursements, purchases, sales, settlements and other	D	Balance as of ecember 31, 2021	(lo: ea ass	unrealized gains/ sses) included in rnings related to ets/liabilities held lecember 31, 2021
Loans	\$ 155,647	\$	(6,447)	,	\$ (4,778)	\$	144,422	\$	(9,171)
Debt securities	275,593		(14,751)		145,024		405,866		(16,962)
Equity investments	42,322		16,738		55,182		114,242		19,284
Total assets at fair value	473,562		(4,460)		195,428		664,530		(6,849)
Guarantees measured at fair value Undisbursed	_		1,151		_		1,151		1,151
commitments measured at fair value	(54)		1,740		_		1,686		1,740
Other liability	_		1,695		(1,695)		_		1,695
Total liabilities at fair value	\$ (54)	\$	4,586	,	\$ (1,695)	\$	2,837	\$	4,586

Notes to Financial Statements

The following tables present gross purchases, sales, issuances and settlements related to the changes in the carrying value of IDB Invest's Level 3 financial instruments that are carried at fair value (US\$ thousands):

				. ca. c	 ca December o	,		
	Di	sbursements/ Purchases	F	Repayments/ Sales	Issuances	Se	ttlements and others	Net
Loans	\$	145,109	\$	(8,207)	\$ _	\$	305	\$ 137,207
Debt securities		405,750		(31,221)	_		1,380	375,909
Equity investments		2,096		(1,610)	_		_	486
Total assets at fair value	\$	552,955	\$	(41,038)	\$ _	\$	1,685	\$ 513,602
Guarantees measured at fair value		_		_	_	_	_	_
Undisbursed commitments measured at fair value		_		_	_		_	_
Other liability		_		_	(648)		_	(648)
Total liabilities at fair value	\$		\$		\$ (648)	\$		\$ (648)

Year ended December 31, 2021

	bursements/ Purchases	R	Repayments/ Sales	Issuances	Se	ttlements and others	Net
Loans	\$ 11,619	\$	(3,673)	\$ _	\$	(12,724)	\$ (4,778)
Debt securities	155,348		(10,611)	_		287	145,024
Equity investments	37,124		(527)	_		18,585	55,182
Total assets at fair value	\$ 204,091	\$	(14,811)	\$ _	\$	6,148	\$ 195,428
Guarantees measured at fair value	_		_	_	_	_	_
Undisbursed commitments measured at fair value	_		_	_		_	_
Other liability	_		_	(1,695)		_	(1,695)
Total liabilities at fair value	\$ _	\$	_	\$ (1,695)	\$	_	\$ (1,695)

Notes to Financial Statements

The following tables present the valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs for development related investment assets/(liabilities) classified as Level 3 as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 (US\$ thousands):

December 31 2022

		Dec	ember 31, 2022		
	 Fair value	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Range	Weighted average (2)
Loans	\$ 255,918	Discounted cash flows	Discount rate	6.9%-17.5%	9.6%
	26,000	Recent transaction price	Transaction price		
	281,918				
Debt securities	692,608	Discounted cash flows	Discount rate	3.0%-17.0%	9.2%
	42,436	Recent transaction price	Transaction price		
	7	Others			
	735,051				
Equity investments	12,867	Recent transaction price	Transaction price		
	84,967	Discounted cash flows (1)	Discount rate	16.0%-18.3%	17.6%
		Relative valuation (1)	EV/EBITDA	7.5x-12.0x	10.7x
	 	Relative valuation (1)	EV/Revenues	1.0x-12.8x	6.0x
	97,834				
Payables and other liabilities	(479)	Others			
	(479)				
Total	\$ 1,114,324				

⁽¹⁾ Equity investments of \$84,967 thousand utilizes multiple valuation techniques, including Discounted Cash Flows and Relative Valuation. (2) Calculated using the product of the input multiplied by the fair values of the instruments.

Notes to Financial Statements

			De	ecember 31, 2021		
	F	air value	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Range	Weighted average (2)
Loans	\$	140,803	Discounted cash flows	Discount rate	2.3%-15.0%	5.4%
		3,619	Recent transaction price	Transaction price		
		144,422				
Debt securities		351,052	Discounted cash flows	Discount rate	2.1%-8.0%	4.3%
		54,807	Recent transaction price	Transaction price		
		7	Others			
		405,866				
Equity investments		78,065	Recent transaction price	Transaction price		
		36,177	Discounted cash flows (1)	Discount rate	16.0%-17.3%	16.9%
			Relative valuation (1)	EV/EBITDA	6.5x-10.0x	7.3x
		114,242				
Payables and other liabilities		2,837	Others			
naoma o	_	2,837	0 11010			
Total	\$	667,367				

⁽¹⁾ Equity investments of \$36,177 thousand utilizes multiple valuation techniques, including Discounted Cash Flows and Relative Valuation. (2) Calculated using the product of the input multiplied by the fair values of the instruments.

There were no transfers between levels during the year ended December 31, 2022 nor December 31, 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements

11. Non-trading portfolios

IDB Invest's non-trading portfolio includes development related debt investments and borrowings measured at fair value under the FVO as well as the related derivative instruments at fair value. Net gains and losses from changes in fair value on the non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions are as follows (US\$ thousands):

	Year ended December 31			
	 2022		2021	
Changes in fair value	 -			
Development related debt investments	\$ (44,511)	\$	(422)	
Borrowings	175,093		69,030	
Derivatives				
Realized gain/(loss) on swaps (1)	17,626		6,790	
Unrealized gain/(loss) on swaps (1)	(131,467)		(65,879)	
Gain/(loss) from changes in fair value, net	16,741		9,519	
Foreign exchange transactions				
Development related debt investments	(9,408)		(43,020)	
Borrowings	33,572		46,959	
Other assets/liabilities	421		936	
Gain/(loss) from foreign exchange transactions, net	24,585		4,875	
Gain/(loss) from changes in fair value and foreign exchange transactions, net	\$ 41,326	\$	14,394	

⁽¹⁾ Includes foreign exchange gain/(loss) on cross currency swaps.

Changes in fair value due to market risk, and all fair value changes on derivatives, are reported in the income statements whereas changes in the fair value of borrowings resulting from changes in IDB Invest's own credit risk spread are recorded through Other comprehensive income.

Notes to Financial Statements

12. Contingencies and Leases

In the normal course of business, IDB Invest is from time to time named as a defendant or codefendant in legal actions in different jurisdictions. Although there can be no assurances, based on the information available, IDB Invest's management does not believe the outcome of any of the existing legal actions will have a material adverse effect on IDB Invest's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

The impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic and the Russian war on Ukraine have disrupted economic markets and created significant volatility. The operational and financial performance of the companies IDB Invest finances depends on future developments, including the length and severity of the pandemic and the Russian war on Ukraine, that cannot be reasonably estimated at this point in time and continue to evolve. IDB Invest has capital buffers in place to absorb additional stress and credit rating downgrades. Management continues to monitor the developments and to actively manage risks associated with its various portfolios within existing financial policies and limits.

Office Space Leases

IDB Invest has entered into office space leases with the IDB at its headquarters and in its Regional Developing Member Countries that are accounted for as either short-term leases or operating leases. The current lease agreement with the IDB at headquarters expires in 2030. The remaining current lease agreements with the IDB in the Regional Developing Member Countries are generally renewed annually. The lease agreements in Argentina, Colombia and Panama include renewal options which extend the lease term between 2023 and 2029, all of which IDB Invest is reasonably certain to exercise for the duration established in the contract.

Refer to Notes 5 and 8 for additional information related to IDB Invest's operating lease right-of-use assets and operating lease liabilities outstanding as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.

The following table details the lease expenses and quantitative disclosure requirements (US\$ thousands):

		Decembe	er 31	
		2022		2021
Operating leases				
Operating lease expense	\$	5,447	\$	5,239
Total lease expense	\$	5,447	\$	5,239
Supplemental disclosure:				
Weighted average of lease terms (years)		7.9		8.9
Weighted average discount rate		1.8 %)	1.8 %

Discount rate is determined as IDB Invest's incremental borrowing rate under the IDB multi-currency facility.

Maturity analysis of operating lease liabilities with the IDB are as follows (US\$ thousands):

Estimated undiscounted cash flows	Decem	ber 31, 2022
2023	\$	5,167
2024		5,079
2025		4,990
2026		4,985
2027 - 2030		19,790
Total operating leases	\$	40,011
Discount		(2,896)
Operating lease liability	\$	37,115

Notes to Financial Statements

13. Related Party Transactions

IDB Invest provides certain services to the IDB and the IDB provides certain services to IDB Invest pursuant to SLAs, which outline the duration, scope of work, roles and responsibilities, remuneration, and performance metrics of each institution. The services performed under the SLAs are further described below. IDB Invest also has related party relationships with trust funds it administers or IDB administers as described below and has entered into office space leases with the IDB as described in Note 12.

Private Sector Operations

Following the IDB Group private sector and non-sovereign guaranteed reorganization, all new private sector activities are originated by IDB Invest including co-financing arrangements by IDB Invest and the IDB. In co-financing arrangements, IDB Invest and the IDB have separate legal and economic interests in a financing transaction, which may be subject to certain minimum amounts as agreed between IDB Invest and the IDB.

IDB Invest earns revenue from an annual renewable SLA under which IDB Invest provides loan origination, credit risk evaluation and monitoring, and certain loan administration services for the IDB related to its private sector operations including operations that are co-financed by IDB Invest and IDB. IDB Invest also provides certain advisory services to the IDB Group. These amounts are included in Service fees from related parties in the income statements.

Management of External Funds

IDB Invest administers on behalf of other related party entities, which include donors and member countries, funds restricted for specific uses that include the co-financing of certain projects, technical studies for borrowers, project-related studies, and research and training programs. These funds are held in trust by IDB Invest and are not commingled with IDB Invest's funds, nor are they included in the assets of IDB Invest. IDB Invest receives a management fee that is generally a percentage of the funds received. These fees are included in Service fees from related parties in the income statements.

Access to IDB Administered Funds

In addition to the aforementioned funds, IDB Invest provides certain services for trust funds administered by the IDB on behalf of the trust fund donors (the Trust Funds). IDB Invest receives an allocation of the IDB's related Trust Fund fees. Such fees are intended to cover internal and external costs associated with administering the private sector activities for the Trust Funds and related operations over the expected lives of the Trust Funds and the underlying operations. Costs expected to be incurred approximate the allocable fee. The Trust Fund organizational documents provide for either the payment of a lump sum or scheduled payments. The timing of the payments may not correspond to the incurrence of the related costs. IDB Invest also provides certain technical assistance activities for private sector operations on behalf of donor trust funds that are directly funded by IDB Trust Funds. These arrangements are recognized on a cost reimbursement basis and presented gross in Service fees from related parties and Administrative expenses in the income statements.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, IDB Invest received \$3.3 million for these services (\$3.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2021). As of December 31, 2022, IDB Invest has recorded deferred revenue of \$17.1 million related to these services (\$16.0 million as of December 31, 2021), which will be recognized as revenue as services are provided. Deferred revenue is presented as a component of Payables and other liabilities in the balance sheets.

Notes to Financial Statements

Revenue from related party transactions are as follows (US\$ thousands):

	 Year ended December 31						
	 2022		2021				
SLA revenue	\$ 71,456	\$	68,805				
Management of external funds revenue	1,968		2,334				
IDB administered funds revenue	7,604		7,803				
Total	\$ 81,028	\$	78,942				

SLA Expenses

IDB Invest purchases various general and administrative services from the IDB under a series of annual renewable SLAs. For the year ended December 31, 2022, IDB Invest incurred expenses of \$16.7 million SLA services provided by the IDB (\$16.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2021), which are included in Administrative expenses in the income statements. Payables related to these SLA expenses are included in the total Due to IDB, net of \$10.2 million as of December 31, 2022 (\$16.6 million as of December 31, 2021). Refer to Note 8 for additional details.

Other Transactions with Related Parties

IDB Invest has a multi-currency credit facility with the IDB up to \$300.0 million at the rate in accordance with the IDB's lending rate policy. The tenor of borrowings under this facility shall not exceed twenty years from the disbursement date. This facility permits IDB Invest to supplement resources in local currencies to support its development related investment portfolio through December 31, 2033. As of December 31, 2022, IDB Invest's total drawdowns from the IDB multi-currency credit facility were \$209.7 million and \$90.3 million remain undrawn (\$206.9 million total drawdowns and \$93.1 million undrawn as of December 31, 2021). Refer to Note 6 for additional details.

14. Pension and Postretirement Benefit Plans

Both the IDB and IDB Invest are sponsors of the Pension Plans and PRBP and each employer presents its respective share of these plans using a December 31 measurement date.

Notes to Financial Statements

Obligations and funded status

IDB Invest uses a December 31 measurement date for the Pension Plans and the PRBP. The following table summarizes IDB Invest's change in projected benefit obligation, change in plan assets, funded status of the Pension Plans and the PRBP, and the assets/(liabilities) recognized in the balance sheets (US\$ thousands):

		Pension Plans			PRBP			
		2022		2021		2022		2021
Reconciliation of benefit obligation								
Obligation as of January 1	\$	(426,530)	\$	(382,483)	\$	(206,493)	\$	(217,485)
Service cost		(26,798)		(25,224)		(9,182)		(10,567)
Interest cost		(11,950)		(9,340)		(5,605)		(5,385)
Participants' contributions		(4,307)		(4,015)		_		_
Net transfers between IDB and IDB Invest		(131)		(7,704)		(32)		14,775
Actuarial gains/(losses)		171,710		(1,779)		93,670		11,032
Benefits paid		5,225		4,015		1,276		1,153
Retiree Part D subsidy						(16)		(16)
Obligation as of December 31	\$	(292,781)	\$	(426,530)	\$	(126,382)	\$	(206,493)
Reconciliation of fair value of plan assets								
Fair value of plan assets as of January 1		300,352		259,378		188,040		182,791
Net transfers between IDB and IDB Invest		131		7,704		32		(14,775)
Actual return on plan assets		(50,979)		25,039		(30,852)		16,395
Benefits paid		(5,225)		(4,015)		(1,276)		(1,153)
Participants' contributions		4,307		4,015		_		_
Employer contributions		8,820		8,231		5,115		4,782
Fair value of plan assets as of December 31	\$	257,406	\$	300,352	\$	161,059	\$	188,040
Funded status								
Funded/(Underfunded) status as of December 31		(35,375)		(126,178)		34,677		(18,453)
Funded/(Underfunded) status as of December 31	\$	(35,375)	\$	(126,178)	\$	34,677	\$	(18,453)
Amounts recognized in Accumulated other comprehe	ensive	•	ss) ((0.4.405)		04.004
Net actuarial (gain)/loss		(49,452)		64,187		(34,465)		21,861
Prior service (credit)/cost						(525)		(962)
Net amount recognized as of December 31	\$	(49,452)	\$	64,187		(34,990)		20,899

As of December 31, 2022, the Pension Plans were underfunded and PRBP funded (all underfunded as of December 31, 2021). In 2022 and 2021, the aggregate fair value of the Pension Plans and PRBP's assets were \$418.5 million and \$488.4 million, respectively, and aggregate projected benefit obligations were \$419.2 million and \$633.0 million, respectively, contributing to the total Pension Plans and PRBP net liability of \$0.7 million and \$144.6 million, respectively, as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements

The accumulated benefit obligation, which excludes the effect of future salary increases, in comparison to the fair value of the Pension Plans' assets is as follows as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 (US\$ thousands):

	 Pension Plans						
	 2022						
Accumulated benefit obligation	\$ (247,556)	\$	(350,266)				
Fair value of plan assets	257,406		300,352				
Funded/(Underfunded) status	\$ 9,850	\$	(49,914)				

Components of net periodic benefit cost

Pension Plans and PRBP net periodic benefit costs recognized in the income statements consist of the following components (US\$ thousands):

	 Year ended December 31								
	Pension Plans								
	2022		2021		2022		2021		
Service cost (1)	\$ 26,798	\$	25,224	\$	9,182	\$	10,567		
Interest cost (3)	11,950		9,340		5,605		5,385		
Expected return on plan assets (2)(3) Amortization of: (3)	(13,052)		(10,709)		(8,197)		(7,494)		
Net actuarial (gain)/loss	5,959		7,006		1,705		3,788		
Prior service (credit)/cost	_		_		(437)		(437)		
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 31,655	\$	30,861	\$	7,858	\$	11,809		

⁽¹⁾ Included in Administrative expenses.

Other changes in the Pension Plans and PRBP assets and projected benefit obligations recognized in Other comprehensive income/(loss) consist of the following components (US\$ thousands):

		Year ended December 31							
	Pension Plans			PRBP			P		
		2022		2021		2022		2021	
Current actuarial (gain)/loss, net	\$	(107,680)	\$	(12,551)	\$	(54,621)	\$	(19,933)	
Amortization of:									
Net actuarial (gain)/loss		(5,959)		(7,006)		(1,705)		(3,788)	
Prior service (credit)/cost						437		437	
Total recognized in other comprehensive (income)/loss	\$	(113,639)	\$	(19,557)	\$	(55,889)	\$	(23,284)	
Total recognized in Net periodic benefit cost and Other comprehensive (income)/loss	\$	(81,984)	\$	11,304	\$	(48,031)	\$	(11,475)	

⁽²⁾ The expected long-term rate of return on plan assets is 5.00% in 2022 and 4.75% in 2021.

⁽³⁾ Included in Other components of pension benefit costs, net.

Notes to Financial Statements

Actuarial assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the Pension Plans and PRBP valuations are based on financial market interest rates, past experience, and management's best estimate of future benefit changes and economic conditions. Changes in these assumptions will impact future benefit costs and obligations. Actuarial gains and losses occur when actual results are different from expected results. Actuarial gains and losses recognized in Accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss), which exceed 10% of the greater of the benefit obligation or market-related value of the plan assets at the beginning of the period, are amortized to income over the average remaining service period of active participants expected to receive benefits under the Pension Plans and PRBP, which is approximately 10.6 years and 12.0 years, respectively.

Unrecognized prior service credit is amortized over a range of 0.4 years to 3.0 years for the PRBP.

The weighted-average assumptions used to determine the benefit obligation and the net periodic benefit cost were as follows:

	Pension	Plans	PRB	P
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Weighted average assumptions used to determine benefit obligation as of December 31				
Discount rate	5.00 %	2.78 %	5.01 %	2.83 %
Inflation rate	2.47 %	2.55 %	2.47 %	2.55 %
Rate of compensation increase	4.26 %	4.59 %	n/a	n/a

	Pension	Plans	PRB	P
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Weighted average assumptions used to determine net periodic benefit cost for years ended December 31				_
Discount rate	2.78 %	2.44 %	2.83 %	2.52 %
Expected long-term rate of return on plan assets	5.00 %	4.75 %	5.00 %	4.75 %
Rate of compensation increase	4.59 %	4.26 %	n/a	n/a
Inflation rate	2.55 %	2.12 %	2.55 %	2.12 %

Accumulated and projected benefit obligations are measured as the present value of expected payments. The discount rate used is selected in reference to the year-end yield of AA corporate bonds within the approved Financial Times Stock Exchange Pension Liability Index, with maturities that correspond to the payment of benefits. For the assumed rate of U.S inflation, the IDB and IDB Invest have established a process by which a range of inputs is reviewed, including 10-year, 20-year, 30-year forward looking expert opinion forecasts, the average of the 10-year, 20-year, and 30-year U.S. Treasury Inflation Protected Securities (U.S. TIPS) breakeven inflation rate, and historical averages for U.S Consumer Price Index (CPI).

The actuarial gains related to changes in the Pension Plans' and PRBP benefit obligations for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 primarily resulted from changes in the discount rate and inflation rate.

The long-term expected rate of return on the Pension Plans' and PRBP investments was determined by surveying industry leading external providers' capital market assumptions (CMAs), most using a building-block method. Using CMAs as the base, best estimates of expected future nominal rates of return are assigned for each asset class, including expected excess returns over benchmark indices, and netting out investment expenses. The estimated future nominal returns of the asset classes are combined to produce the Pension Plans' and PRBP long-term expected rates of return. The Pension Plans' and PRBP strategic asset allocations (target weight to each asset class) are then multiplied by each asset class's expected future nominal rate of return. Respective volatilities and covariances across asset classes are also incorporated. Then, IDB Invest's

Notes to Financial Statements

approved long-term rate of inflation, that is consistent with the long-term horizon for computing expected returns, is deducted from the nominal expected rates of return.

For participants assumed to retire in the United States, the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation was determined using the following health care cost trend rates as of December 31:

	PR	BP
	2022	2021
Health care cost trend rates assumed for next year		
Medical, Non-Medicare	4.50%	4.50%
Medical, Medicare	4.50%	3.00%
Prescription drugs	7.50%	6.00%
Dental	4.50%	4.50%
Rate to which the cost trend rate is assumed to decline (the ultimate trend rate)		
Medical, Non-Medicare	4.50%	4.50%
Medical, Medicare	3.00%	3.00%
Prescription drugs	6.00%	6.00%
Dental	4.50%	4.50%
Year that the rate reaches the ultimate trend rate		
Medical, Non-Medicare	2023	2022
Medical, Medicare	2027	2022
Prescription drugs	2026	2022
Dental	2023	2022

For those participants assumed to retire outside of the United States, a 6.00% and 5.00% health care cost trend rate was used for 2022 and 2021, with an ultimate trend rate of 4.50% in 2028.

Pension Plans and PRBP Assets

The assets of the Pension Plans and the PRBP are managed primarily by external investment managers engaged by the IDB who are provided with governing Committee-approved investment guidelines that take into account the Pension Plans and PRBP investment policies. Investment policies with long-term strategic asset allocations have been developed so that there is an expectation of sufficient returns to meet long-term funding needs. The Pension Plans and PRBP assets include both, fully-diversified main Funds, and their low-risk Stabilization Reserve Funds. The policies allocate 60% to 65% of the Pension Plans portfolio to growth-oriented, inflation-hedging assets (the Return Strategies), and 35% to 40% of assets to nominal and inflation-indexed U.S. fixed income which partially hedge the interest rate of the Pension Plans and PRBP's liabilities, and to protect against disinflation (the Liabilities Strategies). The Stabilization Reserve Funds invest in Liabilities Strategies only, specifically short/intermediate term U.S. fixed income.

The Pension and Managing Committees approve Investment Policy Statements (IPS) and Strategic Asset Allocations (SAA) of the Pension Plan's and PRBP, consistent with the IDB's Risk Appetite (RA) and Long-term Funding (LTF) policies and adopted by IDB Invest.

Notes to Financial Statements

The IPS SAA target allocations as of December 31, 2022, are as follows:

	Pension Plans	PRBP
Main Funds:		
U.S. equities	20 %	20 %
Non-U.S. equities	18 %	18 %
Emerging markets equities	4 %	4 %
Public real estate	3 %	3 %
Long duration diversified fixed income	27 %	27 %
Core fixed income	4 %	4 %
High yield fixed income	2 %	2 %
U.S. inflation-indexed fixed income	4 %	4 %
Emerging markets fixed income	3 %	3 %
Private real estate	5 %	5 %
Public Infrastructure	3 %	3 %
Private Infrastructure	2 %	2 %
Tactical Asset Allocation	5 %	5 %
Commodity index futures	0 %	0 %
Short-term fixed income funds	0 %	0 %
Stabilization Reserve Fund:		
Core fixed income	50 %	50 %
U.S. inflation-indexed fixed income	0 %	0 %
Short-term fixed income funds	50 %	50 %

Investment and asset class risk is monitored, managed and mitigated by continuous oversight of each asset class level and investment manager, regular rebalancing of assets among asset classes, and compliance with the Pension Plans' and PRBP's investments policies and the Board of Executive Directors' Pension Plans and PRBP-related Policies. Investment managers are generally not allowed to invest more than 5% of their respective portfolios in the securities of a single issuer other than the U.S. Government. The use of derivatives by an investment manager for the Pension Plans and PRBP is limited, and subject to specific approval by the Managing Committees of the Pension Plans and PRBP. Investments are generally rebalanced monthly within IPS targets ranges using cash flows and other transactions.

The assets classes in which the Pension Plans (SRP and CSRP) and PRBP, invest are described below:

- U.S. equities For the Pension Plans and PRBP, commingled funds that invest, long-only, in U.S. publicly traded common stocks. Managers of the funds replicate or optimize the all capitalization (cap) Russell 3000 Index. For the SRP and PRBP only, approximately 50% of U.S. equities assets are actively managed in separate accounts holding individual stocks.
- Non-U.S. equities For the Pension Plans and PRBP, commingled funds that invest, long-only, in non-U.S. develop market publicly traded common stocks. Managers of the funds replicate or optimize the large/mid-cap MSCI WORLD EX-USA Index and/or the large/mid-cap MSCI EAFE Index. For the SRP and PRBP only, approximately 60% of non-U.S. equities assets are actively-managed in separate accounts holding individual stocks.
- Emerging markets equities For the Pension Plans and PRBP, actively managed commingled funds and/or mutual fund that invest, long-only, in emerging markets publicly traded common stocks.

Notes to Financial Statements

Managers of the funds select securities, based upon fundamental characteristics, which are generally comprised within the large/mid-cap MSCI Emerging Markets Free Index.

- Public real estate For the SRP and PRBP only, separate accounts which holds, long-only, publicly traded real estate securities. The accounts are actively-managed based upon fundamental characteristics, investing in securities generally comprised within the MSCI U.S. REIT Index.
- Long duration diversified fixed income For the SRP and PRBP only, long duration fixed income assets
 are actively managed in separate accounts holding publicly traded individual bonds generally comprised
 within the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Long Government/Credit Bond Index. For the CSRP only, actively
 managed commingled fund and/or mutual fund that invest, long-only, in publicly traded long duration
 government and credit securities. Managers of the funds select securities, based upon fundamental
 characteristics, which are generally comprised within the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Long Government/
 Credit Bond Index, as well as opportunistic investments in non-index securities.
- Core fixed income For the Pension Plans and PRBP, actively managed commingled funds that invest, long-only, in publicly traded intermediate duration government and credit securities. Managers of the funds select securities, based upon fundamental characteristics, which are generally comprised within the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index, as well as opportunistic investments in non-index securities.
- High yield fixed income For the SRP only, assets are actively managed in a separate account holding
 publicly traded individual securities, and for the PRBP only, in an actively managed commingled fund.
 For both the SRP and PRBP, the investible universe is generally comprised of the securities within the
 Bloomberg Barclays High Yield 2% Constrained Index, as well as opportunistic investments in publicly
 traded non-index securities. High yield securities are financial obligations of U.S. companies, rated
 below investment-grade by at least one of the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.
- U.S. inflation-indexed fixed income For the Pension Plans and PRBP, investment in publicly traded individual U.S. Treasury Inflation Protected Securities in accounts managed internally. For the SRP, CSRP and PRBP, replicate or optimize the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Treasury Inflation Notes 10+ Years Index. For the SRP and PRBP Stabilization Reserve Funds, replicate or optimize the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Treasury Inflation TIPS 0-5 Years Index.
- Emerging markets fixed income For the Pension Plans and PRBP, actively managed commingled funds that invest, long-only, in publicly traded emerging markets fixed income. The funds invest in sovereign and sub-sovereign United States dollar- and local-denominated debt. Managers of the funds invest in securities generally comprised within the J.P. Morgan EMBI Global Diversified Index, as well as opportunistic investments in non-index securities.
- Private real estate For the Pension Plans and PRBP, open-end commingled funds which invest, longonly, in U.S. real estate properties. The funds are actively-managed based upon fundamental characteristics of the properties.
- Public infrastructure For the CSRP, an enhanced index exchange-traded fund that invests, long-only, in U.S. and developed non-U.S. markets publicly traded common stocks within the infrastructure industries. Managers of the fund selects securities, based upon fundamental characteristics, which are generally comprised within the MSCI World Infrastructure Index. For the SRP and PRBP only, assets are actively managed in a separate account holding publicly traded individual stocks traded in the U.S. and developed non-U.S. markets.
- Private infrastructure For the SRP and PRBP only, an actively managed, open-end commingled fund which invests, long-only, in U.S. and developed non-U.S. markets private equity within the infrastructure sector.

Notes to Financial Statements

- Tactical asset allocation For the SRP and PRBP only, actively managed commingled funds and mutual fund that invest in U.S. and developed markets equities, fixed income, commodities and currencies, investments could shift due to opportunistic behavior within these markets.
- Short-term fixed income funds Commingled funds that invest, long-only, in publicly traded U.S.
 Government securities with maturities of less than 18 months. Managers of the funds invest in short-term government securities only, which are benchmarked against the Merrill Lynch 3-month Treasury Bill Index.

Effective December 2015, the IDB Board of Executive Directors (Board) approved and IDB Invest adopted the Long-Term Funding Policy (LTF) for the Pension Plans (SRP and CSRP) and the PRBP that established stable contribution rates of 20% (SRP), 0.71% (CSRP) and 12% (PRBP) of applicable salaries and established the Stabilization Reserve Funds (SRFs) for the SRP and PRBP for IDB Invest and the IDB. The LTF Policy had a five-year initial term. In July 2019, following a review of the LTF Policy components, the Boards of IDB Invest and the IDB adopted an enhanced version of the LTF policy as part of the ongoing financial policies of the IDB. The enhanced version of the LTF policy removes its sunset period, continues to keep the IDB Invest and IDB contribution rates at a stable level, and establishes a rules based mechanism to guide management decision making to allocate IDB Invest and IDB contributions when the SR Funds reaches its limits, as well as when the Pension Plans and PRBP reach their fully funded status. IDB Invest contributions made in excess (deficit) of the actuary's determined contribution rate are allocated (withdrawn) to (from) the SR Funds. The approved IPS SAA for the SR Funds is 50% Short-term fixed income funds and 50% Core fixed income and, for the SRP and PRBP only, a permitted 0% to 10% opportunistic investment in U.S. TIPS. The LTF also provides a rules based mechanism to guide Management decision making to allocated IDB and IDB Invest contributions when the SRFs reaches its limits, as well as when the Pension Plans and PRBP, reach their fully funded status.

The following tables set forth the investments of the Pension Plans and PRBP as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, which are measured at fair value and presented together with their weighted average allocation, by level within the fair value hierarchy (in thousands). As required by the fair value measurements accounting framework, these investments are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Investments in funds that do not have a readily determinable fair value are measured at NAV as a practical expedient and are not classified within the fair value hierarchy (US\$ thousands).

	Pension Plans									
	December 31, 2022									
		Level 1		Level 2		Fair value asurements	Weighted average allocations			
Equity securities										
U.S. equities	\$	21,376	\$	24,214	\$	45,590	18 %			
Non-U.S. equities		25,497		14,009		39,506	15 %			
Emerging markets equities		4,421		4,092		8,513	3 %			
Public real estate equities		7,114		_		7,114	3 %			
Public infrastructure equities		8,276		_		8,276	3 %			
Government and diversified fixed income and fixed income funds										
Long duration U.S. Government and Agencies fixed income		23,649		1,287		24,936	10 %			
Long duration diversified fixed income		567		32,790		33,357	13 %			
Core fixed income				18,707		18,707	7 %			
Emerging markets fixed income		_		7,096		7,096	3 %			
High yield fixed income		_		4,822		4,822	2 %			
U.S. inflation-indexed fixed income		8,338		_		8,338	3 %			
Tactical asset allocation		6,357		7,709		14,066	5 %			
Short-term fixed income funds		219		14,063		14,282	5 %			
	\$	105,814	\$	128,789	\$	234,603				
Investments measured at NAV	_									
Private real estate fund						20,052	8 %			
Private infrastructure fund						4,924	2 %			
Total investments					\$	259,579	100 %			
Other liabilities, net (1)						(2,173)				
Total					\$	257,406				

⁽¹⁾ Includes receivables and payables carried at amounts that approximate fair value. Mainly payables for investments purchased.

	Pension Plans								
	December 31, 2021								
		Level 1		Level 2	m	Fair value easurements	Weighted average allocations		
Equity securities									
U.S. equities	\$	26,583	\$	28,259	\$	54,842	18 %		
Non-U.S. equities		30,139		17,461		47,600	16 %		
Emerging markets equities		5,490		4,916		10,406	3 %		
Public real estate equities		10,981		_		10,981	4 %		
Public infrastructure equities		8,729		_		8,729	3 %		
Government and diversified fixed income and fixed income funds									
Long duration U.S. Government and Agencies fixed income		28,704		942		29,646	10 %		
Long duration diversified fixed income		730		46,954		47,684	16 %		
Core fixed income		_		22,103		22,103	7 %		
Emerging markets fixed income				8,155		8,155	3 %		
High yield fixed income		_		4,221		4,221	1 %		
U.S. inflation-indexed fixed income		9,573		_		9,573	3 %		
Tactical asset allocation		7,008		8,073		15,081	5 %		
Short-term fixed income funds		1,264		8,920		10,184	3 %		
	\$	129,201	\$	150,004	\$	279,205			
Investments measured at NAV	_								
Private real estate fund						17,976	6 %		
Private infrastructure fund						4,786	2 %		
Total investments					\$	301,967	100 %		
Other liabilities, net (1)						(1,615)			
Total					\$	300,352			

⁽¹⁾ Includes receivables and payables carried at amounts that approximate fair value. Mainly payables for investments purchased.

	PRBP December 31, 2022								
	Level 1		Level 2		Fair value measurements		Weighted average allocations		
Equity and equity funds									
U.S. equities	\$	13,516	\$	14,463	\$	27,979	17 %		
Non-U.S. equities		16,279		9,173		25,452	16 %		
Emerging markets equities		2,399		2,448		4,847	3 %		
Public real estate equities		4,459		_		4,459	3 %		
Public Infrastructure equities		5,042		_		5,042	3 %		
Government and diversified fixed income and fixed income funds									
Long duration U.S. Government and Agencies fixed income		15,362		783		16,145	10 %		
Long duration diversified fixed income		_		20,683		20,683	13 %		
Core fixed income		_		12,439		12,439	8 %		
Emerging markets fixed income		_		4,493		4,493	3 %		
High yield fixed income		_		3,142		3,142	2 %		
U.S. inflation-indexed fixed income		5,297		_		5,297	3 %		
Tactical asset allocation		3,734		5,250		8,984	5 %		
Short-term fixed income funds		8,458		124		8,582	5 %		
	\$	74,546	\$	72,998	\$	147,544			
Investments measured at NAV	_								
Private real estate fund						11,549	7 %		
Private infrastructure fund						3,713	2 %		
Total investments					\$	162,806	100 %		
Other liabilities, net (1)						(1,747)			
Total					\$	161,059			

⁽¹⁾ Includes receivables and payables carried at amounts that approximate fair value. Mainly payables for investments purchased.

Notes to Financial Statements

	PRBP							
	December 31, 2021							
	Level 1		Level 2		Fair value measurements		Weighted average allocations	
Equity and equity funds								
U.S. equities	\$	16,984	\$	17,115	\$	34,099	18 %	
Non-U.S. equities		18,648		10,822		29,470	16 %	
Emerging markets equities		3,025		2,913		5,938	3 %	
Public real estate equities		7,156		_		7,156	4 %	
Public infrastructure equities		5,300		_		5,300	3 %	
Government and diversified fixed income and fixed income funds								
Long duration U.S. Government and Agencies fixed income		18,945		583		19,528	10 %	
Long duration diversified fixed income		_		29,476		29,476	15 %	
Core fixed income		_		14,304		14,304	7 %	
Emerging markets fixed income				5,244		5,244	3 %	
High yield fixed income				2,562		2,562	1 %	
U.S. inflation-indexed fixed income		5,936		_		5,936	3 %	
Tactical asset allocation		4,138		5,570		9,708	5 %	
Short-term fixed income funds		6,726		70		6,796	4 %	
	\$	86,858	\$	88,659	\$	175,517		
Investments measured at NAV	-							
Private real estate fund						10,450	6 %	
Private infrastructure fund						3,669	2 %	
Total investments					\$	189,636	100 %	
Other liabilities, net (1)						(1,596)		
Total					\$	188,040		

⁽¹⁾ Includes receivables and payables carried at amounts that approximate fair value. Mainly payables for investments purchased.

Investment securities that are measured at fair value based on quoted market prices in active markets, a valuation technique consistent with the market approach, include U.S., non-U.S. infrastructure individual equity holdings, public infrastructure exchange trade funds, fixed income, emerging markets equity and tactical asset allocation mutual funds, U.S. treasury and U.S. inflation-indexed fixed income securities. Such securities are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

Investment securities that are measured at fair value based on quoted market prices for similar assets in active markets, or quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, a valuation technique consistent with the market approach, include corporate, non-U.S. government, high yield and municipal fixed income, and commercial mortgage backed securities. Also included are proprietary investment managers' commingled funds investing in U.S. and global equities, emerging markets fixed income, core and long-duration fixed income funds, and/or short-term fixed income investments. These commingled funds are not publicly traded and are measured at fair value based on the net asset per share, which is determined and published and are the basis for current transactions. Such securities are classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Notes to Financial Statements

Proprietary investment managers' funds investing in private real estate and tactical asset allocation do not have readily determinable fair values and are measured at the NAV as a practical expedient. Such investments are not classified within the fair value hierarchy.

Contributions

Contributions from IDB Invest to the Pension Plans and the PRBP during 2023 are expected to be approximately \$9.4 million and \$6.5 million, respectively. All contributions are made in cash.

Estimated future benefit payments

The following table summarizes the benefit payments, which reflect expected future service, as appropriate, expected to be paid in each of the next five years and in the aggregate for the subsequent five years. These amounts are based on the same assumptions used to measure the benefit obligation as of December 31, 2022 (US\$ thousands).

	Pens	Pension Plans				
Estimated future benefit payments						
2023	\$	6,213	\$	1,761		
2024		6,942		1,965		
2025		7,627		2,217		
2026		8,470		2,491		
2027		9,484		2,844		
2028-2032		63,313		20,773		

15. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through February 23, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were issued. Management determined that there were no subsequent events that require disclosure under ASC Topic 855, *Subsequent Events*.